

NATIONAL NEWS  
ASSOCIATION  
SPECIAL WIRE  
SERVICE.

# THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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SERVICE.

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GREENSBORO, N. C., TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1911.

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## SEWER CONNECTIONS MUST BE MADE SAY THE COMMISSIONERS

Emergency Ordinance Passed Yesterday and Commissioner Brown Says He Will See That Provisions of Ordinance are Carried out—Effective at Once.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Board of Commissioners an ordinance providing that all property owners owning property on streets on which there is water and sewerage shall at once connect the said premises with the sewer lines and discontinue all surface drains, remove them or put a solid floor on them so they cannot be used for purposes.

The ordinance is declared an emergency ordinance for the protection of the health of the public and as such is declared effective at once, as provided in section 29 of the charter of the city.

Commissioner of Safety Brown stated today that the work of requiring property owners to connect with the sewer and destroy surface closets on streets on which there are sewer lines will be taken up systematically by streets until the entire city is covered. He believes that this method of procedure will eliminate much objection that had been met with heretofore when the city attempted to compel sewer connections in that it will assure them that each one will be required to connect. In case a property owner fails to connect within thirty days after notice to connect has been served he will be haled before Judge Fure and fined not exceeding \$50 in the discretion of the court.

The ordinance makes it unlawful for any person to erect a surface privy without obtaining a permit from the building inspector or for any person to erect a residence on a street on which there is a sewer line without having same connected with the sewer and closets, lavatories and baths attached.

The ordinance in full is published in today's Telegram.

The task of compelling people to connect with sewers has heretofore been too big for city officials and after a few attempts has been abandoned. Now with the government systematically arranged and officials who devote their entire time to the city's business it is believed that, once assured that all property owners will be treated alike, those who have heretofore refused to put in sewer connections will respond readily.

## PLANS FOR NEW BUILDINGS AT GUILFORD COLLEGE

Special to Telegram.

Guilford College, Aug. 8.—Mrs. Anderson and children, of Charlotte, are spending a month here in the "White Cottage."

The plans of Hook and Rodgers, architects, of Charlotte, are accepted for the new buildings at the college, the dormitory and meeting house. Both buildings are to be large brick structures, and two models of their kind.

Preparations have been made to entertain a large crowd here for Yearly Meeting which begins Tuesday. Several noted preachers will be here.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Burns, of High Point, visited relatives here recently.

Mr. Harrison Frazier and bride are expected to visit relatives here this week. Rev. Waldo Woody conducted the services at eleven o'clock Sunday at the Friends church here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brown spent a few days in Norfolk last week.

Mrs. Lee Smith has relatives visiting her from Indiana.

Miss Lile Smith, of Norfolk, is spending a month here.

Miss Sallie White spent a few days in Greensboro last week visiting her brother, David White.

Miss Sallie Benbow has returned from a month's vacation.

Rev. Joseph Peole and family returned last week from Knoxville, Tenn.

Nicaragua Town Flooded.  
San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, Aug. 8.—Floods have submerged Rama and it is feared that the loss of life has been heavy.

## TODAY

Is Strenuous One for  
Togo--Reception To-  
night at Army and  
Navy Club.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Admiral Togo spent another strenuous day. He visited the navy yards this morning, lunched with Assistant Secretary of State Wilson and visited the tomb of Admiral Sperry, at Arlington. Tonight he will be the honor guest at a dinner given by the Secretary of the Navy, after which there will be a reception at the Army and Navy Club in his honor.

## SMUGGLING PLOT BROKEN UP TODAY

Boston, Aug. 8.—A plot to smuggle \$100,000 worth of German tobacco through the customs house was unearthed this morning. Peter Bray, foreman of the Charleston docks, has been arrested for being implicated in the scheme.

## BANKERS OF STATE MEET TOMORROW AT WRIGHTSVILLE

Two Day's Session will  
be Largely Attended  
--Prominent Bank-  
ers Present.

Special to Telegram.

Wilmington, Aug. 8.—The fifth annual convention of the Country Bankers' Association of North Carolina will be held in the assembly hall of the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, tomorrow and Thursday, and delegates to the meeting are already arriving. Fully 300 visitors are expected to be on the beach as result of the convention and probably 200 of this number will be members of the association, the other 100 being members of their families and friends. The local committee on arrangements has everything in readiness for the meeting, which promises to be the best attended and most profitable ever held by the association, which is composed of practically all the country bankers in North Carolina within a radius of Hamlet.

It was at Hamlet that the organization was formed five years ago, the original purpose being to provide something in the way of a substitute for those bankers who could not very well attend the established association, and the meetings were held in the small towns within the territory from which its members were selected. The attendance grew larger from year to year and this year it was conceded by all that no town in the territory had sufficient accommodations to care for all likely to attend. Therefore when Chas. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank, for the local bankers and the Oceanic Hotel, of which he is a director, extended a most cordial invitation to meet at Wrightsville Beach it did not take much persuasion to get acceptance. Practically every bank in the territory will be represented by one or more delegates, it is expected. Several bankers have already arrived for the meeting, going on through to Wrightsville Beach.

The local committee, composed of Chas. N. Evans, chairman; Chas. E. Taylor, Jr., and J. W. Yates, have completed all arrangements and everything is now in readiness for the convention. Lucy Williams, cashier of the Bank of Maxton, and secretary of the association, is expected to arrive today at noon as well as a large number of other bankers. The visitors will be well cared for at the Oceanic, which will be their headquarters.

The opening session of the convention will be held Wednesday evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, in the ball room of the hotel.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Col. John Jacob Astor, Hundred Time Millionaire,  
Will Wed Girl a Year Younger Than His Son.



Colonel John Jacob Astor, the great-grandson of the founder of the Astor millions, is to be married in the fall to Miss Madeleine Talmage Force, eighteen years old. Colonel Astor is forty-seven and has a son one year older than his bride to be. Colonel Astor is reputed to be worth more than \$100,000,000. His first wife, who was Miss Ava Willing of Philadelphia, divorced him in March, 1910. Miss Force is extremely pretty. She met Colonel Astor at Bar Harbor last summer. During the winter, with her mother and sister, she was a frequent occupant of the famous Astor box in the "golden horseshoe" at the Metropolitan Opera House.

## BOOK AGENT MERITS CONDEMNATION SAYS COMMISSION

W. C. Warfield Found  
Guilty of Improper  
Conduct--A. J. Bar-  
wick Exonerated.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—The State Textbook Commission and Sub-Commission completed the investigation of the rumors of scandalous conduct on the part of certain bookmen and others that have been rift here several days last night and issued after midnight a statement of finding that exonerates A. J. Barwick, chief clerk of the State Department of Education, from all criticism and declares that W. C. Warfield, of the World Book Company, was guilty of improper conduct and merits severe condemnation. The statement of the commission sets out that in the last days of June W. C. Warfield, agent for the World Book Company, approached W. S. Gooch, agent for the MacMillan Co. and represented that the MacMillan Co. had the situation in North Carolina, that he had a friend in the department of the superintendent of public instruction, to wit, A. J. Barwick, and through this friend he could bring such influence to bear on the sub-commission as would insure the adoption of certain books published by the MacMillan Co., that the work and influence of himself and friends would be worth fifteen hundred dollars, and that he would undertake to secure the adoption of the books for the sum

named and that if he did not succeed he would make no charge. That Warfield made a similar representation and proposition to F. H. Perry, representing Rand, McNally & Co., though he told Gooch that no such proposition had been made to anyone else, that both Gooch and Perry declined to enter into any arrangement and Perry charged the matter to be reported to the chairman of the commission.

The commission sets out in the statement that Warfield insisted on the stand that Mr. Barwick was not the friend whose influence he expected to cause to be exerted in securing the book adoptions. Yet he refused, even at the insistence of Mr. Barwick, to name the friend. He insisted that his friend was not a state officer or a member of the sub-commission. Also the report sets out that Warfield refused to explain how he expected to earn \$3,000 after all arguments were closed, briefs filed and resolutions adopted that no representative of any book company should have any further communication with any member of the commission or sub-commission. He insisted that there were "professional methods" that could be employed, but declined to state these methods. The commission sets out that the finding is that A. J. Barwick had no knowledge of the propositions made by Warfield or that there had ever been any agreement between Warfield and Barwick as to any pay for any service. The evidence showed that at one time Barwick had been a warm personal friend of Warfield, had worked under him for another book company before he became connected with the State Department of Public Instruction; that Warfield had spoken to Barwick about trying to help out some other book company or companies and asked Barwick if he would not say a good word for him. To which Barwick replied that he would be glad to help him on any book that had merit in any legitimate way, consistent with his office. At one time Mr. Warfield intimated that Mr. Barwick ought to get some pay for such assistance as he might render, but Barwick replied that such a consideration was impossible and he would not entertain

or discuss such a proposition. Furthermore that Barwick at no time attempted to influence any member of the commission or sub-commission and has been guilty of no wrongful intent or corrupt action. The witnesses examined in the investigation were W. S. Cook, F. D. Perry, W. C. Warfield, F. B. Arrendell, E. C. Brooks, A. J. Barwick and C. H. Mebane.

The commission, having cleared up the scandal that has cropped out in the contest, will proceed now as speedily as possible during the next few days to definitely adopt the text books to be used in the public schools.

DR. ANDERSON FINED  
FOR AUTO SPEEDING  
Winston, Aug. 8.—Dr. Neal L. Anderson was fined \$5 and the costs by Judge Hastings in Municipal court yesterday morning on a charge of violating the speed law on July 26. Policeman Smothers, the officer in the case, stated that his stop-watch indicated that Dr. Anderson was going at the rate of 17 1/2 miles an hour.

Dr. Anderson stated that although he had no recollection of the matter, he was glad to pay the fine as it would be an object lesson of the need of greater care in driving automobiles in the city and that he hoped that the law would be rigidly enforced against reckless driving, as there was entirely too much of it here.

Lone Case in Municipal Court.  
Bob Portillo, colored, was the only defendant appearing in Municipal court this morning in a case charging him with retailing. He showed, however, that he was not the man wanted by the police and the case was not pressed by Prosecuting Attorney Brown.

Commission Wants Discharge.  
Louisville, Ky., Aug. 8.—The legislative commission appointed, and allowed an appropriation of \$100,000, to run down the murderers of Governor Gobel, reports that \$18,996 had been spent without results. The commission asked for its discharge.

## LECONTE

Governing Haiti With  
Firm Hand--Work on  
National Railway  
Resumed.

Port Au Prince, Aug. 8.—General Leconte is governing firmly. No further disorders have been reported. Congress assemblies on Thursday. The work on the national railway being built with American capital has been resumed.

Despite the fact that no further disorder is looked for foreign warships will remain in the harbor indefinitely.

## THIRTY-SIX DROWNED IN NILE RIVER

Alexandria, Egypt, Aug. 8.—An excursion boat on the Nile river sank near Kafrelazat today, drowning thirty-six English tourists.

## TESTIMONY OF BEGKEMEYER WAS "PACKED"

This the Charge Made  
by Lorimer's Attor-  
ney--Steel Trust  
Investigation.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The Lorimer committee resumed its consideration with H. J. C. Beckmeyer, the Chicago lawyer, on the stand. A dramatic incident occurred during his testimony, which followed uninteresting lines, when Judge Haney, counsel for Lorimer, charged that Beckmeyer's testimony was "packed" to coincide with the testimony given by Charles A. White, the confessed bribe-taker. When discrepancies were discovered between the testimony given by Beckmeyer and the Illinois state investigation and his testimony given here, Beckmeyer said his memory has been refreshed in the meantime and that his testimony in Springfield was wrong.

The House Stanley committee met this morning to continue its investigation of the Steel Trust, with George W. Perkins, former partner of J. P. Morgan, on the stand. Before his testimony, Counsel Lindaburg stated to the committee that wrong report had become current that steel trust owned forty to fifty per cent of the iron ores in the southern field. "I will welcome any evidence on this subject" said Counsel Lindaburg.

GOVERNOR TO REVIEW  
THE FIRST REGIMENT.

Special to Telegram.  
Raleigh, Aug. 8.—Governor Kitchin left this afternoon for Camp Glenn, Morehead, to review the First Regiment in annual encampment there. He will be joined there by a number of the members of his personal staff from various sections of the State, including Col. C. B. Armstrong, Gastonia; Albion Dunn, Greenville; H. A. Grady, Clinton; Chas. E. Johnson, Raleigh; H. Montague, Winston-Salem; Jno. C. Mills, Rutherford; Col. A. J. Feild, private secretary, is also a member of the personal staff, but he could not accompany the governor.

Aviator Peck Made Swift Flight.  
Washington, Aug. 8.—Aviator Paul Peck flew from Washington to College Park, Md., this morning in twelve minutes. The distance covered was 10 miles.

Hope For Gates' Recovery.  
Paris, Aug. 8.—John W. Gates recovered from a relapse suffered yesterday and this morning his physicians expressed hope for his recovery.

HEATON TRIES TO SWIM  
THE ENGLISH CHANNEL.  
Dover, Eng., Aug. 8.—Ten Heaton, the famous swimmer, this morning began his second attempt to swim across the English channel. The first attempt was made in 1905.

## YEARLY MEETING OF FRIENDS BEGAN THIS MORNING

Number of Friends From Various  
Sections of State Already in At-  
tendance--Several Hundred Ex-  
pected--Formal Opening Session  
Tomorrow--The Program.

The Yearly Meeting of North Carolina Friends convened this morning at Guilford College, or rather the preliminary meetings were held. The meeting proper begins tomorrow at 10 o'clock. Already there are a number of Friends present from all parts of the State, while the attendance by Sunday is expected to reach between six hundred and a thousand.

This morning at 10 o'clock was held a meeting of the permanent board, the duties being to examine the financial condition of the denomination in this State. The board adjourned to meet again Thursday. Herbert Nicholson and Mrs. Hackney, of Greensboro, were made clerks to the board.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock there was a meeting of the Ministry and Oversight Committee. At 8 tonight will be held a conference of Christian workers.

Already a number of the prominent Friends who will make addresses before the gathering have arrived and others are expected on almost every train. Among those present are Timothy Nicholson and Charles Tebbetts, of Richmond, Ind., the latter being secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions; Mary Jane Weaver, of Massachusetts, Mr. and Mrs. Bundy, of Indiana.

The program for tomorrow will be as follows:

9:30 a. m.—Conference of Christian Workers continued.  
10:00 a. m.—Opening Session of the Yearly Meeting.  
2:30 p. m.—Meeting for Business: Report on Bible Schools and Peace.  
8:00 p. m.—Meeting for Worship.

W. R. Laidlow Dead.  
New York, Aug. 8.—William R. Laidlow, who was maimed for life when a bomb was thrown at Russell Sage by Norcross, a number of years ago, died today at the Bronx home for incurables.

## STRICKEN WHILE TAKING PART IN FUNERAL OF FRIEND

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—While taking part in the funeral of his life-long friend and Civil War comrade in Harnett county J. J. Butts, aged seventy years, was stricken with paralysis and died within two hours. His deceased comrade was Paschal Hockaday, aged 77 years. They were born on adjoining farms, went through the war together and had been close neighbors and friends since the war.

MEN WHO SHOT NEGRO  
UNDER FIFTY DOLLAR BOND.

Special to Telegram.  
Raleigh, Aug. 8.—J. H. Council and his son, Swaney, of Beaver Dam township, who threshed and shot John Hatch, colored, because he kept their horse and buggy out longer than he ought, have given bonds of \$50 each for trial later. Hatch is improving slowly at St. Augustine hospital here.

Death At Soldiers' Home.

Special to Telegram.  
Raleigh, Aug. 8.—This morning there was held at the Soldiers' Home the funeral of Comrade J. W. Fowler, aged 73 years, who came to the Home from Cumberland county in 1901. He was a member of Company A, Fifth Regiment, North Carolina troops.

FUNERAL OF ENGINEER  
HICKS HELD TODAY.

Special to Telegram.  
Raleigh, Aug. 8.—The funeral of Engineer Dan Hicks, who lost his life in the Seaboard Air Line collision near Petersburg Sunday night, was held from Central Methodist church here today and was a large and impressive funeral, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers taking an important part. He is survived by Mrs. Hicks, who was Miss Wylie, of Greensboro, and by six children. He was very highly esteemed.



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Daily, three months ..... .75  
Daily, one month ..... .25

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Respect and formal Lodge Notices.



"South Carolina's Smith clings to the  
old fashioned notion that a Senator's  
place is in the Senate," says the Colum-  
bia State. However, it must be observed  
in the case of South Carolina's Smith  
that he has never had the opportunity  
of being Governor and Senator at the  
same time.

The Governor of South Carolina an-  
nounces that he does not propose to take  
a vacation. The Governor is right.  
When the people of a commonwealth  
elect a man like Bleasie to the highest  
office in the State he should stay on the  
job all the time and endeavor to make  
the people so tired and sick that they  
will be more careful in the future about  
selecting a man for Governor.

The efforts of the city officials of  
Greensboro to rid the place of cocaine  
dens and cocaine merchants meets with  
the approval of all good citizens. The  
movement is likewise being commended  
from one end of the State to the other.  
Such movements are always talked about,  
and the more they are talked about the  
more advertising of the right kind the  
city will get. It never hurts any city  
to be known as a clean, decent, law-abid-  
ing place. The bad element may steer  
clear of such a place, but it will attract  
good citizens.

The Charlotte Observer is not favor-  
ably impressed with the "back home"  
movement, which it is said is designed  
to induce people who have left the south-  
eastern States for the West to return to  
this section. It is doubtful, as the  
Observer says, if much lasting benefit  
can be derived from this movement. A  
practical movement, however, and one  
which will accomplish results, would be  
a campaign to acquaint the people of the  
Southeast with the fact that they live  
in about the best section of the entire  
Union and should remain in this sec-  
tion. If the tide of emigration which  
has been flowing for years to the West  
can be stayed, this section will soon feel  
the effects of it.

The conservative Columbia State  
speaks of "Morganzized" newspapers.  
Now listen for the howling of the hit  
dogs. Anything said about subsidized  
newspapers always starts loud talking  
in certain quarters, and if the public  
seeks the source of the noise the sub-  
sidized newspapers will generally be  
found making it. As to the term "Mor-  
ganized," it may be applied to all the  
cases of this kind in a general way, but  
other terms would have to be used to  
cover specific cases. Most of the coun-  
try's special interests have their news-  
papers somewhere in the country. Some  
are owned outright, some are controlled  
indirectly and others are regularly on  
the payrolls of the trusts and receive  
sums which are credited to advertising  
which is never published, or covered up  
in some other way. It will be well for  
the public to keep a sharp lookout for  
newspapers owned or controlled by the  
"interests." As long as they remain un-  
der cover and masquerade in the guise  
of respectability, they can do this coun-  
try and the public great harm. When  
once exposed their power ends and there  
is no longer any reason to anticipate  
danger from that quarter. One of the  
greatest services it is possible to perform  
for the public welfare is to uncover the  
subsidized newspaper to the just condem-  
nation and scorn of all honest men.

### The People's Way.

The people are determined to have  
their own way. This invincible resolve  
of the people to work out their own sal-  
vation by methods chosen by themselves  
is the fact which includes all other civic  
facts of the time. It is the universal  
key which unlocks the door of every sit-  
uation. It is the plummet which every  
political pilot must use, who honestly

wishes to fathom the minds of his fel-  
lowmen, and guide the ship of party  
aright. It is the magnetic needle which  
must be pivoted beneath the compass-  
glass of every political organization that  
wants to know which way is North.

It is a truth whose forms of expres-  
sion are many because its scope is wide  
as a nation of ninety million people.  
Direct primaries, direct election of Sena-  
tors, the safe-guarding of elections by  
publicity, limitation of campaign ex-  
penses, with its elimination of unfair  
advantages of the wealthy candidate, or  
the candidate backed by rich and power-  
ful interests, over the poor candidate,  
are all conspicuous examples of the de-  
termination of the people to assert the  
sovereignty reposed in them by the  
constitution.

The central principle underlying all  
these phases of a universal movement, is  
transfer of government, and of the party  
organization which is the material out of  
which government is made, from the  
hands of the few to the hands of the  
many. It is a reclamation, a reaffirma-  
tion, a recovery and a putting in prac-  
tice, of the Democracy on which all  
American institutions are founded. Its  
object is to enable the people to act for  
themselves in all matters wherein im-  
mediate action by them is possible, and  
where it is not, to secure genuine rep-  
resentation of the people instead of the  
oligarchy of machines.

The favorite plea of those who are  
hostile to the people reserving for them-  
selves the rights inherent in them, is  
that such popular control means disrup-  
tion of party organization. On the con-  
trary, it means a stronger party organi-  
zation because, being composed of the  
people, denial of the organization would  
be repudiation of its members by them-  
selves—a thing impossible. Take for ex-  
ample, the direct primary. It is no  
more a novelty—it has long been an es-  
tablished institution in many States. In  
all the history of the direct primary,  
never has party cohesion or discipline  
been disrupted by it. Whatever discom-  
fiture it has caused, was discomfiture of  
personal ambition—of the greed of in-  
dividuals for power. Party regularity,  
and party consistency, have been main-  
tained and strengthened. Party effective-  
ness has been uniformly increased by  
transference of the means of party di-  
rection to the people. So long as parties  
exist, there must be leadership and dis-  
cipline. Rule of the party by the people  
is the only source from which genuine  
leadership can be evolved. Self-disci-  
pline is the only discipline to which a self-  
respecting party will submit.

The people's control of party tactics,  
is the corner-stone of public confidence  
in party methods, men and measures. We  
are rapidly getting past the stage, when,  
if a party committee meets, if a party  
convention assembles, it will be assumed  
in the popular mind that such committee  
or convention is going to do what any  
man, or any group of men tells it to do.  
The era of direct action, of leadership  
that is responsible because it is respon-  
sive, and representative because it re-  
acts the will of the people themselves or  
not at all, is at hand. The stigma will  
be removed from party mechanism be-  
cause the cogs, wheels and levers of the  
mechanism without which no party can  
be run, will be composed of the people.  
The people are bound to have their own  
way, and they are getting it.—National  
Monthly.

### The Cotton Tariff.

The North Carolina Senators are plac-  
ing themselves in a ridiculous position  
by asking for "hearings" on the cotton  
tariff bill. Exhaustive hearings were had  
two years ago on this subject when the  
Aldrich-Payne law was passed, increasing  
the tariff on cotton goods. These hear-  
ings are always one-sided. The tariff  
beneficiaries are heard; the consumers  
never are. The purpose of the hearings  
now is delay. The beneficiaries of this  
tariff are the New England manufactur-  
ers of fine goods, not the Southern manu-  
facturers. It is absurd to say that Eng-  
lish spinners can buy cotton in the South  
and pay ocean and railroad freights on  
it to their mills in Lancashire, make it  
up and pay freights on the manufactured  
product back here and undersell our  
American manufacturers.—Spartanburg  
Journal.

### Bryan "Bests" Bailey.

Senator Bailey of Texas, has not been  
doing so well of late, we are sorry to  
say. He made a hard fight against reci-  
procity when his party was nearly unan-  
imous for it, and he has been saying  
things against Mr. Bryan which have  
caused that great leader distress. But,  
thank gracious! Mr. Bryan has not lost  
the power of speech, and he has come  
back into the Texas in a way to delight  
the spirit of even the most indifferent  
scraper. Having expressed the opinion  
that as Mr. Bryan "has been three times  
the Presidential nominee of our party,  
and each defeat was more decisive than  
the preceding one," Senator Bailey ex-  
pressed the opinion that it would only  
be natural if "Mr. Bryan would modestly  
distrust his capacity to select a success-  
ful candidate." Mr. Bryan retorts that  
while that might be a reason why he  
should not be a candidate he cannot un-  
derstand why Mr. Bryan should leave the  
selection of a candidate to Mr. Bailey;  
because Mr. Bailey was largely instru-  
mental in the selection of Judge Parker  
in 1904, and Judge Parker polled a mil-  
lion and a quarter less votes than Mr.

## BUSINESS TELEGRAMS

If it can be bought for less, wouldn't  
you like to know where, and all about  
it—as ad-readers do?

If a store has decided to make your  
dollar worth a lot more than its face  
value today, you'll find the news and  
the details in that store's advertisement  
today.

No—it will never "pay to advertise"  
an inferior article, nor yet a too-high  
priced article, even though it be the best  
of its kind. If today's paper contained  
any advertising of that sort, it would be  
a failure!

Genuine buying opportunities are all  
that interest ad-readers. Offers to in-  
terest people who—through reading much  
advertising—know, must be very real  
price concessions, and must be made on  
very real values.

Bryan. That seems to be a rather good  
point for Mr. Bryan, and he might have  
stopped there; but not so, not so. Read  
what follows, and it will occur to the or-  
dinary person that Mr. Bryan has simply  
wiped up the ground with the Senator  
from Texas:

"But that is not Senator Bailey's only  
failure to select wisely. In 1908 Sena-  
tor Bailey urged the nomination of Mr.  
Bryan. He was elected a delegate to  
Denver on a platform declaring for Mr.  
Bryan and endorsing the Nebraska plat-  
form. It was suggested by Senator Bai-  
ley's enemies that his real object was  
to secure a personal vindication, but the  
Senator must, of course, insist that he  
acted in good faith. Is it not a little  
unkind for the Senator to favor a third  
nomination after a second defeat and  
then try to exclude Mr. Bryan from the  
party councils because of three defeats?  
"And after guessing so badly on Mr.  
Parker and Mr. Bryan would it not nat-  
urally be expected that Senator Bailey  
would 'modestly distrust his capacity to  
select a successful candidate'?"

Whether or not he used his support of  
Mr. Bryan to "secure a personal vindi-  
cation" or acted in such support "in  
good faith," is immaterial to the pres-  
ent consideration of an interesting sub-  
ject; the only point we would make is  
that Mr. Bryan appears to have knocked  
Mr. Bailey over the ropes. Mr. Bailey  
will probably sympathize with the view  
that sometimes it is not really the best  
policy to be on the so-called "popular"  
side.

## PARTY ORGANIZATION

(By HON. OSCAR W. UNDERWOOD.)

The tendencies of our times are toward  
individualism. Many of our leading  
newspapers and magazines condemn or-  
ganization as an evil and menace to  
good government. I do not agree with  
them. A few great men in this world's  
history have blazed the way to high  
ideals by standing alone in advance of  
their times, but they have not been the  
leaders of men; they have not written  
on the statute books the principles they  
advocated; they have not builded into  
stone and iron the industrial machinery  
that has made our Nation great and  
prosperous.

Our national growth has advanced  
step by step with some powerful organi-  
zation behind it. This is true whether it  
be in the fields of religious, industrial or  
political development.

Party organization was a necessary  
evolution of a free government. No  
party could exist long if its sole purpose  
was to divide among the victors the  
spoils of office. Great principles have  
created great political parties; party  
organizations have not created great po-  
litical parties; party organizations have  
not created the great principles of gov-  
ernment. Individuals standing alone can  
not advice the principles they believe  
are the best for the government of our  
country. The need for a compact organi-  
zation to maintain and advance the gov-  
ernmental principles that men believe in  
gave birth to party alignment. When  
you hear men decrying our political  
parties, at the same time you find them  
endeavoring to perfect an organization to  
overthrow the evils they cry out  
against.

Party organization is a political neces-  
sity that must be maintained for the ad-  
vancement of the Nation. Men should  
not condemn a strong political organiza-  
tion because of its power to accomplish  
results, but pass judgment on the pur-  
poses and principles for which it is  
maintained, and as to whether or not  
the results that spring from it are on-  
ward steps to the upbuilding of our Na-  
tional standards and ideals.

For many years the National Demo-  
cratic party has been unable to accom-  
plish results on the legislative battlefield  
because it lacked the cohesive strength  
of a perfected organization working to  
produce a definite result.

Today we have in the National House  
of Representatives as thorough and as  
perfect an organization of the Demo-  
cratic members as was ever witnessed in  
the history of our Congress. They are  
not organized for public plunder, but to  
advance the great principles of the Dem-  
ocratic party. They are not organized to  
loot the public treasury, but to lift

from the backs of the American people  
some of the unjust burdens of taxation  
placed there by decades of misrule under  
Republican administrations.

Those who would destroy our party  
organization and defeat the enactment  
into law of our party principles, decry  
our caucus as un-American, they do not  
tell you that it requires a two-thirds  
vote to make the action of a Democratic  
caucus of the House of Representatives  
binding as a party measure, that each  
individual member has the right to ex-  
empt himself from the caucus rule, if  
the proposed legislation is contrary to  
the dictates of his conscience, or not in  
keeping with his promises to his on-  
stituents. No organization could be more  
liberal, and yet no organization has been  
more thorough. You can count on the  
fingers of one hand the men who have  
broken from the Democratic party since  
the beginning of the present Congress.

And to those who decry our organiza-  
tion let them consider what we have  
accomplished for the American people.

We have reduced the cost of the clerical  
force in the House of Representatives  
over \$150,000 a year by abolishing use-  
less offices.

We have passed a bill through the  
House in the interests of honest elections  
providing for the publicity of campaign  
contributions before the day of election.

We have given our sanction to an  
amendment to the Constitution of the  
United States to authorize the selection  
of Senators of the United States by a  
direct vote of the people.

We have passed the necessary resolu-  
tions to authorize the immediate admis-  
sion into the Union of the territories of  
Arizona and New Mexico, keeping the  
pledges of the Constitution to hundreds  
of thousands of free people, that they  
should be admitted to all the rights and  
privileges of self-government guaranteed  
in the National Constitution.

We came to the rescue of the Presi-  
dent of the United States, discredited by  
his own party, in his efforts to bring  
about freer trade relations with the  
Dominion of Canada. By our organiza-  
tion we have sent the Canadian pact to  
the Senate of the United States, where  
it will be passed before this session of  
Congress adjourns, carrying to the Amer-  
ican people buy, a tax that in their  
surplus products, opening the way for  
better homes and greater educational  
facilities, by raising the embargo on  
lumber, wood pulp and paper.

We have sent to a Republican Senate  
a free list bill, removing the prohibitive  
duties on many of the necessities of  
life, giving to the people in need and  
in want free bread and free meat, and  
free shoes, giving to the farming classes  
the tools of their husbandry, the cover-  
ing for their crops, that they may pro-  
duce the world's food and clothing at less  
cost for the benefit of all.

We have passed through the house  
with the loss of only one Democratic  
vote, a bill repealing the iniquitous sched-  
ule K of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act,  
that levied an average tax of ninety per  
cent on all the woolen goods the Amer-  
ican people buy, a tax that in some  
cases went as high as one hundred and  
fifty per cent on the cheaper blankets  
and cheaper clothing that the poor must  
buy, and substituting for this indefensi-  
ble robbery, a revenue tariff on woolen  
goods that average forty-two and one-  
half per cent, and on blankets and the  
cheaper grades of flannels amounts to  
only twenty-five per cent of the import  
value of these goods.

All this has been accomplished by the  
united action of the Democratic party,  
working through its party organization  
for the advancement of real Democratic  
principles. And yet there are those who  
prefer inaction and disorganization to  
the enactment into law of the great  
principles of government, if it must be  
done through party organization and by  
party strength.

We decry the Republican rule in the  
last Congress, not because they were not  
organized and were only the minions of  
a one-man power.

We did not criticize them because they  
produced effective legislation, but be-  
cause they used the power of the Speak-  
er to thwart and destroy honest remedial  
legislation demanded by the people of  
the United States.

I am sure you will agree with me when  
I assert that the power of organization  
is capable of accomplishing more good  
than harm, that the progress of man to-  
ward higher ideals must come from or-  
ganized effort, that individualism must  
mean disension, and will always be bar-  
ren of accomplishment.

Therefore, we should march to the next  
political battlefield a united party.—Na-  
tional Monthly.

As William, bent over her fair face he  
whispered, "Darling, if I should ask you  
in French if I might kiss you, what  
would you answer?"

Doris, summoning her scanty knowl-  
edge of French, replied, "Billet doux!"

"I should think it would be a simple  
thing to induce a woman to get ready in  
time to attend an evening performance."  
"What's your scheme?"  
"Ask her to go to the matinee."

Magistrate—You say this man stole  
your coat? Do I understand that you  
prefer the charge against him?  
Prosecutor—Well, no, your honor, I  
prefer the coat if it's all the same to  
you.

## RINGS AND JEWELS

(By LURA STANLEY.)

Sufferers from rheumatism who believe  
they will be cured of their aches through  
wearing a certain kind of metal ring,  
would be surprised, perhaps, to hear that  
they are keeping alive an old superstition  
that owed its origin to one of the  
ceremonies performed on Good Friday.

The ceremony was called "the blessing  
of the cramp rings," and was carried out  
by the king himself, who went into his  
private chapel, accompanied only by his  
grand almoner, crawled on his knees to  
the crucifix, and there blessed a silver  
bowl full of gold and silver rings.

These rings were afterwards distribut-  
ed to people who were afflicted with  
rheumatism and epilepsy.

The idea is supposed to have originated  
in a certain ring given by a pilgrim to  
Edward the Confessor, which was kept  
in Westminster Abbey and used as a  
cure for such ills.

Many curious old notions and stories  
concerning precious stones are told. It  
was once believed that all precious stones  
were purified by a bath in honey.

It is said that the agate quenches  
thirst, and if put into the mouth allays  
fever; amber is a cure for sore throats  
and glandular swellings; amethyst ban-  
ishes the desire for drink; cat's eye is a tal-  
isman against thunder and evils by flood  
and field; diamonds produce somnambul-  
ism and spiritual ecstasy; emeralds will  
promote friendship and constancy; garnets  
preserve health and joy; the onyx is  
apt to cause terror to the wearer, as  
well as ugly dreams; opals are fatal to  
love and bring discord to giver and re-  
ceiver; sapphires impel the wearer to  
impart strength and to promote diges-  
tion.

## Keep a Glow in the Heart

(By CARA REESE.)

A great man is a celestial luminary  
among his fellows. The less great are  
kindled lamps only. One is a living light  
fountain, a natural glow and radiance.  
The less great have been lighted through  
some influence and are burning through  
the allotted span. This is Carlyle's idea.

The candles brighten up the gloom,  
they lead the way through dark corri-  
dors, they keep the seeker to find things.  
Sometimes they are gruesome, as in the  
chapel of the dead or the jack o' lantern.  
Do not blame this on Carlyle, however.  
When an unruly pen runs on it stops at  
nothing. Some candles bring forth the  
colors of the rainbow when the taper is  
enclosed within a Japanese lantern.  
Candles and "kindled lamps" are a great  
institution even in modern days. So  
rueful lights if you are inclined to be sen-  
timental and slumbering back to primi-  
tive life in a season of camping and back  
to nature.

If it were not for the sacred candles,  
or the homely "dips" of domestic life,  
or the twinkling taper in its special  
place life would be a more fearsome and  
a harder road to travel than it is. The  
less able may be candles merely or  
"kindled lamps" twinkling down from the  
shelf or the elevation of importance, but  
it were better to be a "kindled lamp,"  
however, than to show no light at all.

The natural luminary, the philosopher  
says, shines by the gift of heaven, a flow-  
ing light-fountain of native original in-  
sight, of manhood and heroic nobleness,  
in whose radiance all souls feel that it is  
well with them. And yet divine relation,  
the philosopher continues, unites the  
great man with all other men.

Ah, yes, the light, that is the tie, the  
light small or great, but the blessed  
light. Luminary or "kindled lamps," but  
so long as it is the fire and flame. Even  
the feeblelight can point the way. There  
are luminaries which glow from the hid-  
den fire. It is a benediction to bask in  
the radiance. Some of these luminaries  
in the way of great minds have but little  
to say in set speech, but, ah, to be near,  
to catch the inspiration of a glowing  
silence, to know that there are depths to  
the intelligence, a gift, a talent, the  
burning genius, is in itself a warning,  
illuminating uplift. Thank heaven for  
its gift of great men, those who bless  
the world, who draw all unto them,  
whose light-fountain ever flowing casts  
a glory on all countenances. A great  
man, a truly great man, elevates all  
which comes within contact.

But it is not the lot of all to be cele-  
stial luminaries. Some are "kindled  
lamps" only. Some are the stately wax-  
en candles and others the less refined  
and perhaps grimy and not so carefully  
tended. In some of the "kindled lamps"  
the oil is low in the vessel and there is  
doubt and dimness. Some candles are  
well-nigh burned out in the socket.  
Keep a glow in the heart.

## Many a Suffering Woman

Drags herself painfully through her daily  
tasks, suffering from backache, headache,  
nervousness, loss of appetite and poor  
sleep, not knowing her ills are due to  
kidney and bladder troubles. Foley Kid-  
ney Pills give quick relief from pain and  
misery and a prompt return to health  
and strength. No woman who so suf-  
fers can afford to overlook Foley Kidney  
Pills. Howard Gardner.

The people who never stop to think  
probably wouldn't think if they did stop.

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looks good, is good and  
burns, My! with a long cheery  
flame to a small amount of  
ash. It ignites quickly, needs  
little kindling—just the thing  
for your grate. : : : : :

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### NIP IT IN THE BUD.

First Appearance of Dandruff a Fore-  
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That such is the case has been con-  
clusively proven by scientific research.  
Prof. Unna, the noted European skin  
specialist, declares that dandruff is the  
burrowed-up cuticle of the scalp, caused  
by parasites destroying the vitality in  
the hair bulb. The hair becomes lifeless,  
and, in time, falls out. This can be pre-  
vented.

Newbro's Herpicide kills this dandruff  
germ, and restores the hair to its natural  
softness and abundance.

Herpicide is now used by thousands of  
people—all satisfied that it is the most  
wonderful hair preparation on the mar-  
ket to-day.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in  
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One dollar bottles guaranteed.  
Farise-Klutze Drug Co., and Greensboro  
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Makes a specialty of thorough training. We prepare our students just  
as well as they will let us. Much depends on the pupil but if they will  
do their part we can make them SUCCESSFUL Bookkeepers and Ste-  
nographers. We could tell you story after story of the success of young  
men and women who have completed our courses and MADE GOOD. No  
pulls—no wonderful ability—just plain common sense hitched to the 100  
per cent training. We have just issued a new journal and pamphlet  
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send you same upon request.

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Wanted to go into business—but the particular business he had in  
mind required \$1,500. It was easy for him to raise the other thousand  
dollars when he showed by his bank book that he had a definite plan  
of saving part of his income every week. Men with money are not  
afraid to lend to young fellows of that sort.

Plan to save something every week—if it's only a dollar.  
With Capital of \$300,000.00 and Resources of \$1,350,000.00, conserva-  
tively managed by men of known integrity and ability, this bank is  
one of the strongest in the State.

The 4 per cent interest we pay, compounded 4 times a year, makes  
your money GROW.

## American Exchange Bank

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J. W. SCOTT, Vice-President.

F. H. NICHOLSON, Asst. Cashier.



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AND

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Put your duds in our suds, the best com-  
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For anything you need in Sewing  
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CALL IN TODAY.

Now is the time to pick out the ma-  
terial you want made up into that new  
Fall or Winter Suit. You will find us  
better prepared than ever to meet your  
demands in the season's very latest nov-  
elties. Our prices, of course, are always  
the lowest consistent with the quality of  
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Want Page and  
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## LONDON LETTER OF TELEGRAM'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

(By PHILLIP EVERETT.)

London, Aug. 8.—While the majority  
of the English people have taken little  
or no part in the great constitutional  
fight which has been going on ever since  
the Lords threw out Lloyd George's bud-  
get two years ago, they do take an in-  
terest in foreign affairs and wherever you  
go now you find yourself in the midst  
of a political debate on the crisis Eu-  
rope has just passed through unscathed.

Wonderful to say nearly everybody ap-  
proves of the action of the government  
Unionists and Socialists alike agree that  
under the circumstances England had  
only one duty, that of maintaining in  
the fullest and most loyal way the en-  
tente with France. Everybody seems to  
realize that in the face of the peril to  
the peace of the world caused by Ger-  
many's policy Russia, France and Eng-  
land must hold together. Therefore,  
there will be no war for Germany's al-  
lies will hesitate to go with her in an  
attack upon the triple entente and Ger-  
many will never do it alone.

Germany made the mistake of imagin-  
ing that because the English liberal gov-  
ernment and the liberal party are pacific  
in intention and would like to be on  
better terms with her, that they were  
ready to desert France. But no matter  
what party rules England nobody is going  
to trust Germany so far as to cut loose  
from old allies and get back to the  
“splendidly isolated” position we were  
once proud of, but the dangers of which  
are now clearly realized. If Germany  
wants war with a single power she will  
never get it in Europe.

The belief is gaining more and more  
that Germany's sudden move in Morocco  
was caused by her fear of France's de-  
clared intentions of enlisting a black  
army to send against the Germans in  
case of another war, and it is confirmed  
by the “Post” of Berlin which asserts  
that “the French have for years lamented

the increased superiority of the German  
population and rate of increase over  
France.”

To make up for this inferiority on the  
French side the directors of France's  
policy have adopted the plan of forming  
an immense force of the warlike natives  
from northern Africa, which in case of  
a war between France and Germany,  
will be brought to Europe to strengthen  
the French armies.

It is necessary, accordingly, for Ger-  
many to occupy a position at Agadir and  
in southern Morocco which will enable  
her to stir up a Mohammedan insurrec-  
tion in Algeria and prevent the African  
forces of France from being used against  
the German fatherland.

The English press almost unanimously  
asserts that, looking at the matter with-  
out bias, a France-African army is a  
grave military contingency which must  
engage the attention of German states-  
men and strategists.

In the first place, the armies noire ex-  
ists already. It only required to be  
developed and increased. The means for  
its mobilization and transport have only  
to be developed or created. The French  
armies noir of Africa is formed around  
its Old Guard, the formidable force of  
the Foreign Legion, whose ten thousand  
desperate veterans from one of the most  
efficient, as well as one of the most pic-  
turesque, soldatecas which ever plied the  
martial trade in ancient or modern time.

Over the whole of the enormous spaces  
of France's African empire the peace is  
kept or restored, the borders patrolled  
or extended, friendly clans encouraged  
and hostile sultans deposed or slain by  
companies and battalions of native troops  
of various creeds and races, all magnifi-  
cent fighting material, and splendidly  
trained and handled by French officers.

In the French Parliament the necessity  
of developing the immense resources of  
French African fighting material has  
been openly advocated and accepted by

leaders of all parties.

“We can raise two hundred thousand,  
a million men,” is the boast of sober ad-  
ministrators and dashing commanders  
who have led the Algerian Tirailleurs and  
the Toucouleur Rifles all over the Sa-  
hara.

There can be no doubt that the armie  
noire is already a formidable asset, and  
that the Berlin general staff is aware of  
its possibilities.

A body of the Senegal sharpshooters  
has been recently brought to assist in  
the campaign in Morocco; and the new  
troops have proved a valuable reinforce-  
ment. The non-Arab natives indeed re-  
commend themselves to the French of-  
ficers by less fanaticism and equal brave-  
ry. Some pagan races also are admir-  
able soldiers, and possess the additional  
advantage in French eyes of being en-  
tirely proof against the influence of the  
zealot priests of Islam who never really  
accept any rules but that of Moslems.

The enormous Empire of France in  
Africa is now known to possess not only  
inexhaustible wealth of all kinds but also  
the materials of a great and formidable  
army of devoted followers of their French  
commanders. This is beyond doubt “a  
new situation,” and it would be to trifle  
with the gravest facts if we were not to  
recognize that “something has happened”  
which German policy cannot be expected to  
ignore.

In domestic politics, the leaders of the  
conservative party have begun to realize  
that unless they succeed in winning a  
large number of seats in Scotland, the  
Unionists, the G. O. R. of Great Britain,  
will never be sufficiently strong in num-  
bers to return to Westminster to real  
and lasting power.

The Unionist success in Scotland at the  
1895 election was attained chiefly on the  
Home Rule issue; but that issue will not  
again bring such good results. The  
Unionist majority in Scotland in 1900  
was the outcome of war fever—a cause  
which it is hoped will never again be  
operative. Thus, of the causes which  
contributed to the greatest success of the  
Unionist party in Scotland one must be  
ruled out as a negligible quantity, and  
the other regarded as a diminishing  
force.

Mr. Balfour, with whom I had a talk  
in the Constitutional Club the other day,  
gave me an idea of what the causes of  
Scotland's devotion or radicalism are.  
The first one, he said, is hereditary.

“A large number of Scottish Radicals,”  
he continued, “are Radicals because their  
fathers and grandfathers were so and  
with their Radicalism it is difficult to  
deal. It must be left to die out with  
the men who profess it and its future  
operation stopped by the education of  
the young and coming generations in the  
true principles and benefits of Unionism.”

“A second cause of Scotland's devotion  
to Radicalism,” said Mr. Balfour, “arises  
from a peculiarity of a certain type of  
Scottish character. Most Scotsmen pos-  
sess independence of mind and spirit, and  
many succeed in life's battle by the pos-  
session of these qualities. But in case  
of a great number whom, through  
ill-luck or lack of opportunity, have not  
been successful, the native independence  
becomes warped into a species of class  
suspicion and even hatred, and they take  
their political views from any source  
other than that of the better-off classes.  
This class hatred is often increased in  
intensity by the lack of unity and co-  
operation among the classes in parts of  
the countryside of Scotland, in the coun-  
try, there is not the same life and  
take between the rich and the poor as  
there is in England. For this the rich,  
and particularly the landowners, are  
often to blame, as in many cases they  
are “absentees” except during the sport-  
ing seasons, and when present attend  
what is to most Scotsmen an alien  
church—namely, the Scottish Episcopalian.”

“In short,” he concluded, “there is, on  
the whole, a lack of endeavor on the  
part of the better-off people in the coun-  
try to win the local people to them and  
to show them the value of class unity  
and mutual respect and co-operation.”

## Find The Twice- As-Good Worker —And Your Work Will Be Twice as Well Done!

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TENT WORKER, is not extinct,  
nor so scarce, but that some want  
advertising may secure him for  
you. And competent people have  
an almost invariable habit of  
finding new positions through  
want advertising, or through an-  
swering want ads.

## Pictorial Phases of Reunion Of the Veterans of Bull Run



Photos copyright by American Press Association.

THERE were no fatalities in the “third battle of Bull Run” which took  
place on the fiftieth anniversary of the first great battle of the civil  
war. About 350 former Confederates and one-half that number of  
Union soldiers who took part in the first conflict were on the field  
again at the semicentennial celebration. They hobbled around over the battle-  
field—few of them were under seventy and many were past eighty and quite  
feeble—and pointed out the spots where they advanced or retreated a half  
century before. At noon the men lined up, those who had once worn the gray  
on one side and those who had worn the blue on the other, and at a signal  
advanced until they could shake hands, while a moving picture machine re-  
corded the sentimental scene for all time. President Taft attended the re-  
union and made a brief address in which he held out the hope that such prog-  
ress had been made toward universal peace that the danger of great wars in  
the future is slight. One picture above shows a group of veterans pointing  
out an interesting spot on the battlefield, while the other shows Job Potter of  
Knoxville, Tenn., and Henry Bolton of Culpeper, Va., shaking hands at their  
first meeting since the battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861.

## FRANCE'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM WAR WITH GERMANY

(By GEORGE DUFRESNE.)

Paris, Aug. 8.—The recent narrow es-  
cape from the war with Germany, which  
most Frenchmen openly admit would  
probably have resulted in another “de-  
bacle,” has enormously strengthened the  
Bonapartist cause and has added to the  
followers of Prince Victor Napoleon hun-  
dreds of thousands of Frenchmen who  
care little for him personally, but who  
are convinced that if France is to main-  
tain her place among the great nations  
of the world some way must be found of  
establishing a firmer government—a gov-  
ernment which does not heel at the  
slightest breeze.

The prevailing feeling towards England  
here is one of gratitude, because the  
British government did not fail to show  
its faithfulness to the entente cordiale  
in a critical moment, but back of this  
gratitude is a feeling that Germany  
would have been taught a much needed  
lesson and have been forced to eat hum-  
ble pie if England and France had sent  
a warship each to Agadir immediately  
after the arrival there of the French  
gunboat “Panther.”

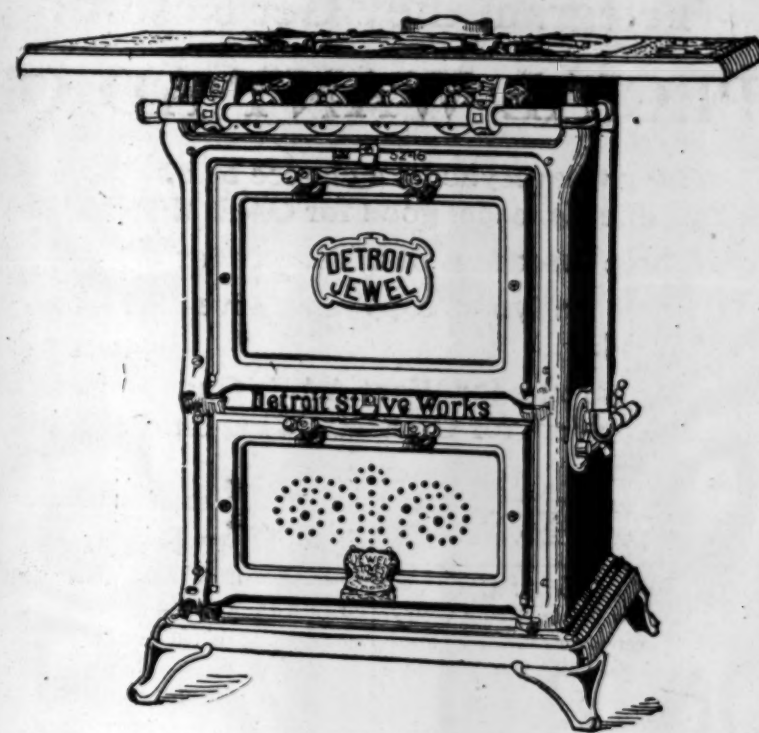
Had this been done Germany would  
never have dared propose that France,  
without any apparent reason but the  
monetary weakness of her government,  
should cede to Germany part of one of  
her most profitable colonies. To avoid a  
repetition of an incident of this kind  
a growing majority of the French people  
are sighing for the reappearance of a  
man with some of the characteristics of  
the great Napoleon to grasp the reins of  
government and save the country from  
the eternal changes which are sapping  
its vital strength, ruining the respect  
for the laws and degrading France in  
the eyes of the world.

Most alarming of all is the indisput-  
able fact that these continual changes  
are affecting the efficiency of the French  
army to such an extent that not only  
is it at present anything but ready for  
a big war but it looks as if it is not even  
ready for the usual great annual man-  
euvers in the North, which are, so to  
speak, dress rehearsals of a war with the  
Kaiser's legions.

In the last few months France has had  
no less than four Ministers of war: Gen-  
eral Brun, M. Berteaux, General Goiran  
and M. Messimy, each of them with a distinct  
system of his own. To the confusion re-  
sulting from experimenting with these  
various systems comes the fact that the  
long military occupation of the riotous  
Champagne districts has cost as much  
money as there has been even been some  
talk of giving up the great maneuvers  
this year from motives of economy.  
Germany's sudden move and other for-  
eign complications, however, quickly

It has already been decided that Queen  
Wilhelmina will return the visit of

## This GAS RANGE For Small Kitchen Space



Some kitchens have not  
room for the ordinary cabinet  
Gas Range. So we have a  
Standard Double-oven Range  
only 36 inches wide. This  
Range has the same cooking  
space as the largest Cabinet  
Range.

We have Gas Ranges for  
every need, from \$15.50 up.  
We invite you to inspect them.

313—PHONES—331

## North Carolina Public Service Co.

Office Open Evenings

Office Open Evenings

## The Greensboro Telegram

SHOWS RESULTS

To those who patronize its  
ADVERTISING Columns.

There's a Reason.

## The Greensboro Telegram

Reaches Daily

Most of the best people in  
Greensboro and vicinityMore subscribers on the RURAL  
ROUTES IN GUILFORD County  
than all of its competitors combined.

President Fallieres by coming to spend a  
few days in Paris next spring. The  
date is not yet fixed, but it will probably  
be in May, and this reminds one of a  
curious, but natural, incident having to  
do with the visits of heads of state,  
which is worth while recording.  
M. Fallieres has no great liking for  
journeys, and when some time ago his  
visit to Belgium was being arranged, it  
was understood that the President should

go on to Holland and enable the one  
“deplacement” to suffice for the two vis-  
its.

When this was brought to Queen Wil-  
helmina's notice, she replied that she  
would be delighted to receive the Presi-  
dent, but that she hoped that he would  
also pay a special visit to Holland—en-  
tirely and solely for Holland. This, of

(Continued on Page Seven.)



# Want Ad Department

Want Ads are the Connecting Link between Buyer and Seller, and When Printed in The Telegram they Get Results.

## SPECIAL WANT AD OPPORTUNITY

To give everybody a chance to test the pulling power of Telegram Want Ads this offer is made, good for ONE MONTH, or until September 1st:

Three Insertions of Want Ads for the price of Two Insertions.

Bring on your copy and give Telegram Want Ads an opportunity to "make good."

Regular rate for Want Ads is One Cent per Word for Each Insertion. Everybody gets 'em for ONE MONTH on the basis of Three Insertions for the Price of Two.

### MALE HELP.

**WANTED—MEN TO LEARN THE** Cotton business in our Sample rooms; two weeks to complete course; high salaries positions secured. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18 Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-Fri.

**WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE AS** clerk by steady young man; experienced grocery clerk. Phone 1652. 8-7-3t

**WANTED—MEN TO TAKE A THIRTY** days Practical course in our Machine Shop, learn the Automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18 Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-Fri.

### FEMALE HELP.

**WANTED—LADY DESIRES POSITION** in the city as stenographer. Experienced. References furnished. Address Steno., care Telegram. 8-8-2t

### LOST AND FOUND.

**LOST—LAST SATURDAY, ONE BUN-** dle containing a hat, pair suspenders, &c. Finder please return to Telegram office and get reward. 8-8-3t

### BUSINESS NOTICES.

**ANY OF YOUR PLANS DYING THAT** ought to live? Does the seeming difficulty of "accomplishing things without money" scare some of your best ideas and plans to death? Well, a really feasible and logical new idea, plan or project may be financed—if you will have a little patience with your want advertising campaign, and really carry it out. tf

### FOR RENT.

**FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED OR UN-** furnished, new house, close in. 225 Blandwood avenue. Aug. 5, 3t.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**INVEST A LITTLE TIME IN WANT** ad answering—and the "small change" necessary for traveling expenses in getting about the city. The investment may turn out to be the most profitable one of your life. tf

### Greensboro Female College

Founded in 1838. Ideal home school for girls, with a distinctive Christian atmosphere. Limited number of students with small classes. Four years of collegiate work leading to A. B. degree. Beautiful location with unsurpassed health record. Students admitted on certificate from accredited High Schools. High standards and individual instruction.

For catalog, address  
**MRS. LUCY H. ROBERTSON, President**  
Greensboro, N. C.

## CHEAP FOR CASH!

5-room cottage, lot 70x120 feet, on North Green street.  
3-room cottage, lot 200x200 feet, on Battle Ground road, in city.

## BROWN Real Estate Comp'y.

109 E. Market St.

## Suburban Residence With Acre Lot FOR SALE

Situated on the electric car line between the State Normal College and Lindley Park, a splendid seven-room residence, good as new. Lot 142 feet by 331 feet. Well improved with fruit, berries, grapes and garden. An ideal suburban home. For sale at a bargain.

### Southern Real Estate Co.

Greensboro, N. C.  
112 E. Market. Phone 829.

### NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed to A. Wayland Cooke, Trustee, on the 12th day of February, 1909, by William Smith and his wife Cora Smith to secure the sum of four hundred and seventy-five and no/100 (\$475.00) dollars, same being recorded in Book 207, page 241, of the Records of Guilford County, and default being made in the payment of the said debt and in the conditions of the said deed of Trust, whereby the power of sale became operative, the undersigned will on the 12th day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House door in Greensboro, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate:

That tract of land lying and being in Gilmer Township, Guilford County, State of North Carolina, and more particularly described as follows: In the City of Greensboro, adjoining the land of Calvin Gorrell and others and, beginning at a stake on Macon street (formerly known as Maple street), running thence North, sixty-three (63) feet to Calvin Gorrell's corner; thence east one hundred and thirty-two and one-half (132 and 1/2) feet; thence south sixty-three (63) feet; thence west one hundred and thirty-two and one-half (132 and 1/2) feet to said street, the beginning.

This the 6th day of July, 1911.  
**A. WAYLAND COOKE,**  
Trustee.

July 11, 26t.

### ANNUAL LOW RATE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1911.

Via Southern Railway and Pennsylvania Railroad.  
Special train will leave Greensboro, N. C., at 10:25 p. m. Aug. 22 and arrive Atlantic City about noon Aug. 23. Train will consist of Pullman sleeping cars and day coaches. Those desiring Pullman accommodations can secure same by making reservation in advance. Tickets going are good only on Special train, and good returning on any regular train within the fifteen days which is final limit of tickets. Stopovers are permitted on return trip at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington within the final limit.

Passengers from Branch line points can use regular trains into Greensboro connecting with special train from that point. Following round trip rates will apply from stations named:  
Greensboro, N. C. \$11.00  
Kernersville, N. C. 12.00  
Liberty, N. C. 11.50  
Mt. Airy, N. C. 12.50  
Madison, N. C. 12.00  
North Wilkesboro, N. C. 13.00  
Pilot Mountain, N. C. 12.50  
Reidsville, N. C. 10.50  
Sanford, N. C. 11.50  
Siler City, N. C. 11.50  
Walnut Cove, N. C. 12.00  
Winston-Salem, N. C. 12.00  
For Pullman reservations, rates from other points, apply to any Ticket Agent, Southern Railway, or write,  
**W. H. McGLAMERY,**  
Passenger and Ticket Agent,  
Greensboro, N. C.

**R. H. DEBUTTS,**  
Traveling Passenger Agt.  
Charlotte, N. C.

**INSURANCE** IF YOU WANT TO BUY, BORROW, SELL OR INSURE, TELL IT TO **GUILFORD INSURANCE & REALTY CO.** BONDS—LOANS. GREENSBORO, N. C.

**For Sale**  
Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at \$1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at \$3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, Phone 1404.

## DAILY MARKET REPORTS

### GREENSBORO MARKETS

#### GREENSBORO PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale prices paid to farmers. Corrected Daily by Proximity Mercantile Company.

All prices subject to fluctuations.  
Fresh country butter, lb. .25  
Fresh store butter, lb. .20  
Fresh eggs, doz. .12 1/2 @ .15  
Grown hens, each. .40 @ .60  
Fryers, each. .15 @ .40  
Irish potatoes, bu. \$1.00 @ \$1.25  
Sweet potatoes, bu. 2.00  
Cabbage, lb. .02 1/2  
Snap beans, bu. .50 @ .75  
Cucumbers, bu. .50  
Onions, bu. .75  
Salad, bu. .30  
Turnips, doz. bunches. .40  
Beets, doz. .40  
Apples, bu. 1.00  
Muskmelons, doz. .20 @ .60  
Watermelons, each. .05 @ .25  
Peaches, bu. 2.00  
Shelled butter beans, qt. .12 1/2  
Green peas, qt. .08 @ .16  
Country cured hams, lb. .16  
Country cured shoulders, lb. .13  
Country cured sides, lb. .12  
Bees wax, lb. .26  
Tallow, lb. .05  
Green beef hides, lb. .08  
Dry beef hides, lb. .12 1/2  
Green lamb hides, each. .20 @ .30  
Green sheep hides, each. .15 @ .25  
Dried cherries, lb. .15  
Dried apples, lb. .06  
Dried blackberries, lb. .06  
Green roasting ear corn, doz. 12 1/2 @ 15

#### GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Local Wholesale Prices, changed daily  
Wheat, per bu. .85 @ .90  
Corn, per bu. .92 1/2  
Oats, per bu. .58  
Hay, No. 1, Timothy, per ton. \$30.00  
Hay, No. 2, Timothy, per ton. 28.00  
Bran, per ton. 30.00  
Shipstuffs, per ton. 34.00  
Cotton Seed Meal, per ton. 31.00

#### ENGLISH MILLS CLOSING.

New Orleans, Aug. 8.—Liverpool cables: "Some mills are closing owing to strike."  
Another cable says: "Reliable advices indicate enormous crop already assured. Short interest small. We expect a permanent decline."

#### LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

	Aug.	Aug. Sept.	Sept. Oct.	Oct. Nov.	Nov. Dec.	Dec. Jan.	Jan. Feb.	Feb. March	March-April	April-May	May-June
Wheat	6.48	6.29	6.07	6.01	5.97 1/2	5.97	5.98	6.00	6.02 1/2	6.03 1/2	6.05
Corn	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97
Oats	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	5.97
Pork	17.92	16.60									
Lard	9.05	8.80	8.77								
Ribs	9.42	8.40	9.30	8.50							

#### CHICAGO CLOSE.

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.	May
Wheat	92 1/2	96 1/2	102 1/2	
Corn	64 1/2	62 1/2	64 1/2	
Oats	41 1/2	44 1/2	46 1/2	
Pork	17.92	16.60		
Lard	9.05	8.80	8.77	
Ribs	9.42	8.40	9.30	8.50

#### NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Aug.	12.38	12.38	12	12.25
Sept.	11.45	11.46	11.19	11.15
Oct.	11.39	11.39	11.07	11.09
Nov.	11.38	11.39	11.09	11.10
Dec.	11.33	1.35	11.04	11.04
Jan.	11.44	11.44	11.13	11.13
Feb.	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
March	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
April	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
May	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
June	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
July	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20
Aug.	11.49	11.49	11.20	11.20

## MOTHER OF GOV. KITCHIN QUITE ILL AT SCOTLAND NECK

Special to Telegram.  
Raleigh, Aug. 8.—Gov. Kitchen was summoned today to Scotland Neck on account of the critical illness of his mother. This blocks the State Text-Book adoption for the time as the State Commission will not vote on adoption in his absence. Some months ago Governor Kitchen was detained by his mother's bedside for two weeks, expecting every day to be her last.

Tell a girl she has a musical laugh and she will go into hysterics over all your old stories.

**GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?**  
Let The Telegram follow you and know what is going on at home and abroad. tf

## QUARTERLY REPORT OF FINANCES OF CITY OF GREENSBORO

TO THE BOARD OF CITY COMMISSIONERS:  
I herewith hand you the City's financial statement for the first quarter of the current fiscal year, showing the condition of our accounts and finances at the close of business July 31st.

Respectfully,  
**T. J. MURPHY,**  
Mayor and Commissioner.  
Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 3, 1911.

To the Commissioner of Accounts and Finances of the City of Greensboro:  
I have made a complete audit of the City Books. The figures, which were found to be correct in every particular, are set out below:

### GENERAL FUND

Balance May 1st, 1911.	Receipts—	Total
\$22,143.66		
	Tax List	837.70
	Special license	7,989.36
	Meat and Milk inspection	543.10
	Building and electric inspec.	77.25
	Dog tax	675.00
	Boot black	12.00
	Arrests	12.70
	Garbage Dept.	274.50
	Interest on deposits	648.24
	Penalties	105.79
	Miscellaneous	91.50
	Cemetery lots	610.00
	Market house rent	351.50
	Cemetery collections	640.87
	Municipal Court costs	632.13
	Opera House rent	1,315.85
	Sidewalk construction	39.20
		74,837.89
		\$97,000.43

Expenditures—  
Warrants issued before May 1st, 1911 \$2,338.42  
Warrants issued since May 1st—

	Total
Schools	\$8,222.00
Police department	2,902.17
Street maintenance	2,023.16
Street Construction	737.66
Fire Department	1,783.57
Cemetery Maint.	1,448.11
General expense	1,535.69
Street lights	1,674.85
City Hall expense	1,027.41
Salaries	3,749.42
Library	1,000.00
Board of health	2,129.06
Permanent improvements	541.58
Sewer maintenance	12.25
	\$28,786.73

Balance, Commissioner of Finance's books \$31,125.15  
Outstanding warrants, August 1st. 5,882.48  
Aug. 1st balance on books of City Treasurer \$11,231.59

### SPECIAL TAX FUND

Balance May 1st, 1911.	Receipts from tax list.	Total
\$28,726.23	556.28	\$29,282.51
		\$17,740.00
		\$11,542.51

### SCHOOL BOND FUND.

Balance May 1st, 1911.	Paid on construction	Total
\$15,754.50	11,738.72	\$27,493.22
		\$4,018.78

### SEWER BOND FUND

Balance May 1st, 1911	Paid	Total
\$1,210.96	208.53	\$1,419.49
		\$1,101.83

### WATER DEPARTMENT

Balance May 1st, 1911.	Earnings collected	Total
\$34,820.38	9,311.43	\$44,131.81
		\$35,775.83
		\$2,041.25

Balance on books of City Treasurer. \$37,817.18

Fines collected by Municipal court and turned over to County Treasurer \$77.20

### PERPETUAL CARE FUND

Mortgages	Savings Bank Deposit	Total
\$4,500.00	427.80	\$4,927.80

**Hack Badges—**  
Amount on deposit with City Treasurer for redemption of badges \$20.25  
The above audit embraced a period from May 1st, 1911 to August 1st, 1911. To meet the new conditions, the accounting method had to be changed in many particulars, but the system is now working in perfect order, and you can depend upon getting good results.

Respectfully submitted,  
**E. J. FORNEY,**  
Auditor.

## Are You "The Advertising Manager" Of Your Own Boarding House?

No boarding house is fully prosperous—regularly run at full capacity—unless there's someone in, or of, or about it who is able to write want ads, and who knows what timeliness and persistence mean and accomplish in want advertising.

### Chicken Fricassee.

Take one good sized chicken and cut in pieces ready to serve. Wash and wipe dry, roll in flour and fry in chicken fat or butter until a golden brown. Have a stew pan ready and as the chicken is fried put it in the stew pan, rinse the frying pan with enough boiling water to cover the chicken, then add one onion minced very fine, a tiny piece of garlic, one cup of strained tomatoes, dash of cayenne and black pepper and salt enough to suit taste. Set on back of stove and let simmer till done, stirring frequently so as not to burn.

### Rhubarb Jam.

Allow to each pound of rhubarb cut in half-inch pieces one pound of sugar and one lemon. Peel the yellow rind of the lemon off thin, remove the white part and slice into a bowl, removing the seeds. Turn the rhubarb over the lemon, add the sugar and allow to stand over night. In the morning boil three-quarters of an hour in the preserving kettle, stirring often. Cool slightly after taking from the fire, then pour into air-tight jars.

### Mother's Muffins.

Melt a tablespoonful of butter and one of lard and put with a quart of milk. Add two beaten eggs and half a compressed yeast cake dissolved in warm water. Stir in flour to make a rather stiff batter, and a teaspoonful of salt. Set to rise over night, and in the morning turn into muffin tins; let them rise 20 minutes in a warm corner and bake.



## GET BUSY! LOOK FOR THE HIDDEN CHECK!

Tomorrow's issue of The Telegram will carry the much talked of and long looked for "Hidden Check" page. This page is made up from the advertisements of about forty-five of the leading business houses and firms of the city. In each advertisement appearing on this page there will be inserted one or more extra letters. These letters when picked out and correctly arranged will form a sentence which will describe the hiding place or location of a check for \$5.00, which has been hidden by The Telegram.

Of course the first party who gets the extra letters picked out and arranged so as to spell out where this check is located will get the check and bring it to the office, have it endorsed and it will

then be honored at the bank for \$5.00. The first page as before stated will appear tomorrow.

**His Trouble.**  
"Do you have any trouble with your automobile?"  
"Yes, indeed, I'm constantly kept busy making peace with people who think I ought to take them riding."

**Reasonable Supposition.**  
Big Mr. Little (truculently)—"Yo, sah, am a lah, sah!"  
Little Mr. Biggs (diplomatically)—"Uh—well, sah, considerin' yo' heft an' yo' broadness 'cross de equator, I dunuh but what dar mought be a little suppin' to dat th'ry, sah!—Puck."

## DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS ANNOUNCED

Washington, Aug. 8.—President Taft announced today his long delayed diplomatic appointments. They are Ambassadors, J. G. A. Leishman, Germany; Thomas J. O'Brien, Italy; C. P. Ryan, Japan. Ministers, Larz Anderson, Belgium; J. M. Carter, Argentina; J. B. Jackson, Balkan States, Arthur M. Beaupre, Cuba; Lloyd Bryce, Netherlands. Minister Sherrill, the present minister to Argentina, has resigned.

The Outing begins this afternoon. Don't miss a day. Splendid road after you get out of the city. Free wagons. R. J. Holden's great piece of corn on the road worth a trip to see. Plenty of roasting ears and other country "eatables."

Aug. 8, 11

## Women and Society

**For Miss Curtis.**  
Mrs. J. H. Sutherland will entertain this evening in honor of Miss Ellen Curtis of Greensboro, who is the guest of Miss Ethel Sharpe—Winston Journal.

**Philathea Class Meeting.**  
The First Philathea Class of the First Presbyterian church, which was to have met this afternoon, will meet instead on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

**Misses Tate to Entertain.**  
Misses Eunice and Ruth Tate will entertain a few of their friends this afternoon at their home on Humphrey avenue, complimentary to the house guests of Miss Anna Williams, Misses Josephine Gales, of New York, and Lucy Landis, of Oxford.

**Hartsook-Elam.**  
Miss Hattie E. Elam, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Elam, and Lou Hartsook were united in wedlock last evening at 8:30 o'clock at the home of Rev. J. W. Long, who performed the ceremony. Only intimate friends and relatives of the young couple were present to witness the ceremony as they had intended to keep the matter secret. The couple left this morning for a bridal tour of ten days at Wrightsville Beach, after which they will reside in this city at 207 South Forbis street.

**Miss Preyer Entertains.**  
Miss Helen Preyer entertained last evening complimentary to Miss Katie Lee McKennon, of Maxton, and Miss Ella Alderman, of Waxhaw, who are visiting Miss Bessie Alderman, on West Market street. The occasion was a bowling party at the Lindley Park alleys and the game was heartily enjoyed for several hours. Miss Preyer's guests were Misses Ella Alderman, Katie Lee McKennon, Bessie Alderman, Myrtle Preyer, Viola Kitzpatrick, of Knoxville, Tenn., who is visiting Mrs. J. F. Fonville; Will and Allan Preyer, Sidney Alderman, Frank Hanes, of Mocksville and Henry McKennon, of Maxton.

**Mrs. Douglas Entertains.**  
Mrs. Robert D. Douglas entertained at her home on Price street yesterday afternoon at a delightful bridge party, given in honor of Misses Caroline Boykin and Kathleen Klutz, the house guests of Misses Mary Drew and Bettie Aiken Land. Three tables were laid, and after the game the prize, a handsome brass fern dish, was awarded to Miss Bettie Aiken Land for the highest score. Pretty bouquets of sweet peas were presented by the hostesses to the attractive young honorees. Delightful refreshments were served. The guests present for the pleasing function were Misses Annie Land, Annie McIver, Margaret Forbis, Marie Reynolds, Eloise Dick, Mary Callum, Annie Reid, Gertrude Frazier, Bettie Aiken Land and Mrs. S. Glenn Brown.

**Venable-Davis.**  
Miss Edna E. Davis and W. H. Venable plighted their troth this morning at a quiet marriage which was performed at 7:45 o'clock. On account of parental objection on both sides the couple kept their purpose secret and the nuptial knot was tied in the presence of only a few friends. Rev. W. R. Cox officiated at the ceremony, which was held at his home on Silver Run avenue. Immediately after the marriage the couple departed for a bridal trip of two weeks to the home of Mr. Venable's parents, near Mt. Airy. They will make their home in the future, after returning from the visit, at 352 West Lee street.

Miss Davis is the popular and attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Davis and has a host of friends in the city who wish for her the greatest happiness in her married life. Mr. Venable is a valuable employee of the North Carolina Public Service Company, having served for several months as conductor of car No. 61. He is well-liked by the large number of friends he has made in the city.

Miss Willie Klutz, of Durham, is visiting Miss Fannie Stone on Church street.

Miss Lucile Devlin left yesterday for Gastonia where she will visit relatives for several days.

Mrs. R. T. Travis, of Winston, accompanied by her little daughter, is visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffith.

Miss Cora Pannill spent yesterday in Winston-Salem.

Mrs. Thomas Patterson, of Winston-Salem, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned home.

Miss Hettie McLean, of North Wilkesboro, has accepted a position in this city.

Miss Mildred Mitchell, of Charlotte, is visiting in the city.

Misses Frances and Elizabeth Harry are visiting Mrs. Ida Bailey, at Woodleaf, near Salisbury.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Landreth and little daughter, Gladys, of Urbanna, Va., are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Landreth, 608 South Elm street.

Mrs. Geo. Petty, of Center, was here Sunday spending the day with her grand children, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Anthony.

Miss Linnie Coltran has returned to the city after spending two weeks in Randleman. She was accompanied home by Miss Clara Hayes, of Randleman, who will be her guest for some time.

Mrs. Walter F. Lee is stopping at 207 South Ashe street. She will leave in September for the mountains.

Miss Bessie Stapleton, of Tampa, Fla., after visiting Miss Savannah Satterfield for two weeks, left last night to visit relatives in Plains, Ga., before returning to her home in Tampa.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Lee left today for the mountains of the western part of the State. They will spend a vacation of two weeks in and about Lindale.

Miss Corday Olive left this morning for Boston to visit relatives and friends for two weeks.

Mrs. J. Simpson Schenck, of Fayetteville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. L. Fry, for some time.

Miss Annie Land left today for Mooresville to visit friends for several days after which she will be the guest of Miss Willie Land, in Hamlet, for two weeks.

The five young children of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. McAllister, accompanied by Miss Alice Kerr, will leave tomorrow morning for an outing of three weeks at Piedmont Springs. Mrs. McAllister and Miss Nan Little, of Little's Mills, who is her guest, and Mrs. T. R. Little and children will join the party next Friday for the vacation at the springs.

Misses Jessie Lowe and Lena Lane left the city this morning for Blowing Rock where they will spend two weeks visiting.

### PERSONAL MENTION

Rev. and Mrs. J. Clyde Turner are visiting Mrs. W. J. Hicks in Raleigh.

W. T. Williams spent yesterday in Raleigh.

Mrs. W. L. Callum and children are spending the month of August at the White Sulphur Springs at Mt. Airy.

Mrs. J. T. Fain and children of 820 Walker avenue left the city yesterday to spend several weeks with relatives and friends in Alabama and Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Knox and little daughter, of Statesville, spent yesterday evening with H. S. Patterson, leaving this morning for Winston-Salem.

Miss Agnes Martin of this city is the guest of Miss Edna Ivey in New London, N. C.

Mrs. E. M. Hill, of Jamestown, spent a short time in the city yesterday afternoon with Mrs. T. N. Winslow while enroute from a visit of several weeks at Mt. Vernon Springs to her home.

Manager E. C. Deal of the Public Service Company, who is now stationed at Augusta, Ga., is in the city.

John Maxwell Hendrix has returned from a business trip of a week to Auburn, Me. Mr. Hendrix will be a traveling representative of a shoe firm at that place during the coming winter.

W. W. Wharton was a business visitor to Raleigh yesterday.

J. W. Whitlock of the Salisbury store of the Wallace Clothing Company is in charge of the Greensboro store during the absence of Manager W. H. Wallace, who is in New York on a ten days' business trip.

Rev. S. M. Rankin has returned from a visit to Montreal.

W. M. Huff, of Gibsonville, spent last night in the city with J. S. Lincoln.

D. E. Hinton, of Jacksonville, Fla., after visiting his brother, Wiley Hinton, for several days, left yesterday afternoon for Asheville to spend a short time with relatives before returning to his home.

H. T. Martin went to Winston yesterday to visit his brother, J. N. Martin.

A. B. Taylor, of the Southern Railway, is spending his vacation of ten days on a visit to relatives in Alabama and Knoxville, Tenn.

Claude Andrews, of Charlotte, was here yesterday enroute to Charlotte from Chatham county where he visited relatives.

## Ladies, Don't Wait if You Want a Pair Of These:

We offer for quick sale ladies' plain-toe common sense oxfords, sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 9, at 75 cents. Oxfords with patent tip, sizes 8, 75 cents. Wine color oxfords, sizes 5 and 5 1-2, 75 cents.

Light Kid Boudoir Slippers, black and red, \$1.25. Suede Boudoir Slippers, very fine, black and red, \$2.00.

## Small Children's Tennis Oxfords

size 8 1-2, 9 and 10, 25 cents. Infants' barefoot sandals, sizes 1 to 5, 50 cents. All our barefoot sandals and children's summer footwear reduced prices.

Fifty pairs La France and Sherwood Ties, Pumps and Oxfords to be sold at a big reduction.

**Thacker & Brockmann**

## DRAINAGE OF REEDY FORK UP BEFORE THE COMMISSIONERS

**Residents of Section Involved Want Work Hurried up—at Standstill.**

Before the County Commissioners this afternoon a delegation from Reedy Fork section of the county appeared before the commissioners and through Attorney R. R. King asked whether the county was going to have Reedy Fork drained as required by law. Mr. King set forth the fact that there is an impression that the commissioners are obstructing the work rather than advancing it and he wanted to know if this was so, and if so, why?

The board stated that a preliminary survey had been made and it was found that to drain the lands mentioned would take from \$25,000 to \$40,000 and the county did not have on hand sufficient funds to do the work. The members stated that they would be glad to have the work done, but until the legislature made provisions for the money or until the county general fund was larger they did not see how they could be done.

Attorney King elicited the statement from the board that the average balance is about \$15,000, this amount being on hand at all times, lying idle, the attorney said. He urged that the work be done as the legislature had imposed upon the board this duty and it was up to the members to carry out the provisions of the act. He argued that it would take but little money before fall to have the work started and if it was done properly it would require several years to complete the work. So it would take only small sums at intervals and the money would not be needed.

Again, Mr. King argued the drainage was a necessity to the health of the people living in that section; that the county is sending a physician over the county telling them how to keep well, or to use his expression "telling them not to have chills, when the county refuses to rid the community of stagnant waters that causes the chills." He urged that the commissioners look at the proposition from this standpoint also.

The bill will be voted on this afternoon.

The hearing is still in progress. It is understood that practically every resident in the section is anxious for the drainage to take place. It is stated that there are two people owning property in the section who are opposed to the work being done, and this because they have mill dams that will have to be cut through. These will probably be heard before the commissioners take up some other item of business.

### HOW ADVERTISING IN THE TELEGRAM PAYS.

A gentleman was seen on the streets a few days ago by an employee of The Telegram and he volunteered the information that the package of merchandise he was carrying was purchased at a certain store in the city following the reading of the advertisement of that store published that afternoon in this paper. It was 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon when the gentleman made the remark. The press of this newspaper had not stopped printing the day's edition when the advertisement began to do its work. In fact the advertisement began to sell the merchandise of that store in half an hour after The Telegram's press was started to print the edition for the day.

## COUPON

FOR

## DINNER SET

No. 16

CUT THIS OUT

30 of these Coupons numbered consecutively (start at any number) with \$3.75 (drayage and express extra if delivered) will be good for one set of OLD FLOE BLUE DINNER ware—45 pieces.

**The Greensboro Telegram**

208 South Davis Street.  
GREENSBORO, N. C.

## One Of Today's Want Ad Answerers Will Find a New Interest In Life!

One of them will be jolted out of a "business rut" by finding and grasping a new business opportunity—one will buy some real estate which will influence his life intimately from now on—one will find the employment which offers right rewards for real efficiency!

## HOW ONE WOMAN WON

**Her Health and Strength Back Again by The Use of Cardui.**

Tampa, Fla.—In a letter from this city, Mrs. E. C. Corum writes: "I was all weakened and worn out with womanly troubles. My husband brought me some Cardui as a tonic, and, from the first day, it seemed to help."

I had almost lost my reason, but, thanks to Cardui, I did not. Soon, I felt and looked like a new woman. I think the remedy is wonderful. I recommend it to my friends, for I have received great benefit from it."

Cardui acts specifically on the weakened womanly organs, strengthening the muscles and nerves, and building them up to health.

It helps to refresh the worn-out nervous system and relieves the effects of overwork, both mental and physical.

Fifty years' successful use fully prove the merit of this purely vegetable, tonic remedy for women.

In every community, there live some who have been benefited by Cardui. The beneficial effects of this time tested woman's remedy, soon show themselves in many different ways.

Try it.

N. B.—Write for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper on request.

## Special Sale!

The week of August 21st we are going to sell a CAR LOAD of

## Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets

at reduced prices. Every lady in Greensboro should attend this sale.



**Huntley-Stockton-Hill Company**

## YELLOW TRADING STAMPS GIVEN

You can buy Wanted Merchandise in the Basement THIS WEEK much less than the regular price. We are going to turn it over to the contractors and we must make room for them

White Wash Skirts 33c.  
1000 yds. Em. and Inst., also big lot  
Laces 4c. yard.  
Odd lot Val Laces 1c. yard.  
Dressmakers Bust Forms in sizes 32 and 34 for 39c.  
Barefoot Sandals, choice of the lot 25c.

Bordered Curtain Scrim 11c.  
36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.  
Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.  
36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Island 7 1-2c.  
Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.  
32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

**Meyer's**  
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO, N. C.



## LETTER FROM BERLIN BY TELEGRAM'S CORRESPONDENT

(By FREDERICK WERNER.)  
Berlin, Aug. 8.—The summer, which a month ago looked as if it were going to be particularly hot for the statesmen of Europe, has fortunately proved itself quite harmless. The war clouds which seemed to gather everywhere in the Balkans, in Morocco and along the Pyrenees have again disappeared after a display of brilliant but harmless lightning.

When the Kaiser left on his usual Norwegian summer cruise everyone immediately realized that no crisis was expected and that the Morocco question was to be settled without the roar of cannons. France was to be scared a little, partly because the German government, in view of an approaching election, wished to impress upon the minds of her voters the inadvisability of being too harsh with a set of statesmen, who if not popular at home, at least had succeeded in making Germany respected and feared abroad, and partly because the German government considered the moment opportune for adding to German possessions in Africa.

In reality international peace was not in danger for a single moment. Germany was perfectly sure of what would happen. She knew that England would back up France, and this was why no German troops were landed at Agadir, which might have embarrassed a German diplomatic retreat, should it become necessary.

The stratagem was a success. The

German voters were treated to the sight of France in a state of terror and confusion because the German eagle flapped its wings, and, this done, the good effect was driven home with a faint clanking of swords and a beating of military drums in the press.

The final and most conclusive proof that the whole affair was arranged for dramatic effect was given when Russia, in the very midst of the "crisis," and before anybody knew officially the result of the "conversations," contracted to issue a one hundred million mark loan in Germany. By opening negotiations for this loan, the Czar's government plainly showed that in St. Petersburg at least, nobody considered the Agadir incident as anything but a piece of international bluff. A country that is thinking of going to war is not the place to place uninvested cash.

In England, where brains always seem to work slower than anywhere else in Europe, it was much later realized that German action was not meant to be an insidious attack upon the Franco-British entente, and the much discussed speech of Lloyd George, in which he issued a veiled warning to Germany, shows that even this clever statesman had been taken in. It will, therefore, probably be some time before England realizes that the entente is considered favorable to Germany because it is anticipated that thereby Germany will be able to obtain British acquiescence in any agreement arrived at with France.

In Spain the mistake was made, during the earlier stages of the Moroccan embroglio, of considering it too serious a fight and the government tried the rather risky experiment of playing to the gallery by a series of more or less deliberate insults to France, which came dangerously near provoking a war. Evidently the Spanish government thought to please Germany and many were those who saw in Spain nothing but a German agent provocateur. Germany, however, lost no time in warning Madrid and as soon as it was realized that Spain would have to fight her own battles Spanish statesmen tumbled all over each other in their eagerness to apologize to France.

In France a war with Spain would have been popular because many French patriots believe that a victorious war is just what their country needs to arouse it from its present unsettled state. The

French people as a whole dote on their army and consider it the finest and strongest in the world. They hesitate to measure its strength against Germany for the memories of 1870 are still too vivid, but with Spain it would be another matter, and Canalejas did well when he stopped irritating the Gallic fighting cock.

Portugal is heroically trying to make the world believe that the republic is now firmly established and that a return of the dynasty Braganza is altogether impossible, but somehow European diplomats hesitate to believe that the Portuguese people are happy and satisfied with the new form of government. The fact is that there was a referendum to settle the matter it would undoubtedly be seen by the Portuguese vote that the country was in favor of the re-establishing of the monarchy, not because it has any particular love for its profligate young ex-king, but because the people are devout Catholics and the priests are preaching day and night that the present republican government is in league with the evil one and must not be supported by any true Christian.

To offset the exhortations of the clergy the government is trying to prove that Manuel and his whole family are traitors to Portugal. But, somehow stories like the one recently circulated—that a trunk had been found in the royal palace containing papers in which the king promised Germany and England all the Portuguese colonies if they would crush the revolution—do not find credence in Portugal.

That the republican form of government is far from being firmly established is amply proved by the reluctance of England and Spain to recognize the Portuguese republic.

The old story, Russian local famines, with their strange, almost incredible, concomitants amongst the still benighted peasantry, is being reported again this summer. From the interior come reports of attempts to drown old women accused of causing the drought by dispersing the rain-clouds, of watering graves where village drunkards have been buried, and similar mediaeval follies.

At the meeting, ten days ago, of the exchange committee of the town of Tomsk, where the first Siberian Exhibition was held, it was confirmed that almost a complete famine is expected in western Siberia, the great granary of Siberia in general. This year's harvest is estimated at 80 per cent below that of last year. In many districts there will be not seed for sowing.

The ministry of the interior has ob-

## GOVERNMENT TO HAVE AVIATION SCHOOL AT COLLEGE PARK, MD.

(By VICTOR ELLIOTT.)

Washington, Aug. 8.—One of the greatest aviation schools in the world is to be established within eight miles of this city, at College Park, Maryland, to be maintained by the United States Government.

When the history of aviation is written and a special chapter devoted to American aviators, as it must be, for in this country the new ..... received its first start, College Park and the men who will make it famous will be given a prominent place.

The first government aeronautical demonstration took place at Fort Meyer, Va., but later, when the official skeptics had been shown just what could be accomplished by the heavier-than-air machine, a more suitable ground for flying purposes had to be selected. It was then that College Park was selected as the aviation school of the government.

The Wright brothers were contracted for by the government to teach the officers of the Signal Corps the art of flying, and a machine was bought for the purpose. Two officers became proficient in the science, and then the school was abandoned.

After two years of idleness on the part of the government an appropriation was made by Congress for the furtherance of the study among army and navy men. Two young officers were dispatched to Dayton, Ohio, and placed under the direction of Orville and Wilbur Wright, while a third was sent to the Curtiss school of instruction at Hammondsport, New York. They became proficient in the art of handling aircraft, and when the government's aviation school was again started, it was not forced to look for outside help, but called upon its own men.

Notwithstanding the element of danger that presents itself in conquering air, the following particulars from other regions:

Northeastern European Russia, extremely bad crops. In the province of Perm, total failure of wheat and grass. Region of Tomsk in a similar condition. In several of the Volga provinces, the crops are 60 and 75 per cent below last year's yield. Odessa and Restoff regions, 30 to 40 per cent less.

On the other hand, the harvesters in the central and western provinces promise to be very satisfactory.

currents, hundreds of young men in the army are clamoring for a chance to take up aeroplaning, realizing that the important battles of the future, may be won or lost by air craft. Consequently, at the new government school of aviation the instructors have got right down to business in instructing their fellow officers in the art of managing an airship.

The visitor to College Park will be thrilled by the wonderful performances of the aviators, but at the same time he will know that he is looking at the "safe and sane" method of navigating the air, and not the reckless, dare-devil performance of civilian aeroplanists.

Three new aeroplanes have been ordered to College Park, and all experienced aviators in the ranks of the army will be encouraged to go there. Young officers will be instructed by the older and more experienced men and in a very short time College Park will be looked upon practically as an annex to West Point.

Up to the present time all the work has been done in the machine that has become popular in this country, the biplane. Across the ocean, however, the German and French are doing wonderful work with the simpler form of air craft, the monoplane. There have been many requests to the government to try out one of these models, but so far it requests have not been heeded.

So far the school is not teaching the value of the aeroplane as a destructive agent, but rather as an agent for reconnaissance, as it seems to be the general opinion among army officials that the destructive purposes of the airship are limited.

In speaking of the work at the school, Col. George P. Scriven, who in the absence of General Allen, is chief signal officer, said:

"The work of the officers at the aviation school is excellent, and Captain de Forrest Chandler deserves special commendation and praise for the admirable way he is conducting it. I was more than pleased with the way the work is being done. Captain Beck, and Lieutenants Arnold, Milling and Kirtland are aviators who have control of their machine at all times. It will take a war to determine the merits of the aerolane. Should it measure up to the standard which has been set for it by all aviators everywhere in the world, there will be



## Patriotism

The stomach is a larger factor in "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" than most people are aware. Patriotism can withstand hunger but not dyspepsia. The confirmed dyspeptic "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils." The man who goes to the front for his country with a weak stomach will be a weak soldier and a fault finder.

A sound stomach makes for good citizenship as well as for health and happiness.

Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are promptly and permanently cured by the use of

**DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.**  
It builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

The dealer who offers a substitute for the "Discovery" is only seeking to make the little more profit realized on the sale of less meritorious preparations.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

no end to its possibilities as a machine for war purposes. Now it is an unknown quantity, but this government cannot afford to be ignorant of the use of the aeroplane for war purposes.

This school will be enlarged from time to time until it is a part of the war establishment of the country, and provided for by Congress just as other branches of the war department are provided for."

### At the Breakfast Table

(By JOHN WATSON WHYTE.)

Married couples are apt to forget that sometimes the peace and joy of a whole day are made or marred by their behavior and personal appearance at the breakfast table. Now, breakfast can be made a charming and delightful meal if husband and wife determine to be bright smiling and cheerful. Let there be no "getting out of the wrong side of the bed," or that will spoil what it is the object to achieve.

Husbands might bear in mind that, although the morning paper may be very attractive, the wife will think it far from being so if her partner props it up, hides behind it and buries himself under a mountain of news. The daily paper should be reserved for a more suitable occasion.

If a man hides behind his paper he need not be surprised if his wife hands down and uses the interesting book she is reading as a shield for her pretty head.

No; let there be a happy, bright face at each end of the table in full view of each other.

Then the table itself. Without being in the least extravagant, this can appear

dainty and attractive looking. A few flowers from the garden cost nothing, but give an air of freshness and dainty charm which nothing else can equal. No matter if the cloth is not the finest damask, it can be clean. Food need not be that which costs a lot, for an honest, manly man is not too great a worshiper of "Little Mary," providing he has enough good, wholesome fare. If there is nothing but bread, porridge and coffee, it would suffice, providing that a spirit of contentment and happiness made up for lack of more expensive dishes.

There is nothing that tries a man so much as to have to start the day with a struggle, and if he loses patience at a late breakfast he is certainly to be excused. Directly he has gone, the housewife can clear away and begin to think of other household duties. These she will face with a light heart and contented mind if the first meal of the day has not been marred by any accident or complaint.

More people, men and women, are suffering from kidney and bladder trouble than ever before, and each year more of them turn for quick relief and permanent benefit to Foley's Kidney Remedy, which has proven itself to be one of the most effective remedies for kidney and bladder ailments that medical science has devised. Howard Gardner.

Mother—Oh, Bobby, you naughty boy, you've been smoking! (Pause.) Poor darling, do you feel very bad?  
Bobby (who has been well brought up)—Thank you. I'm only dying.

Brain food is something a man takes to feed his vanity.

# 75 PER CENT. OF THE BIG ADVERTISERS OF AMERICA PREFER EVENING NEWSPAPERS

Out of 400 Large Department Stores 302 say they Prefer Evening Papers and Give Reasons Why

(FROM THE LOS ANGELES RECORD)

OUT of 400 letters sent to the large Department Stores of America asking which they considered a better medium for advertising, a morning or an evening daily newspaper, 392 replied. Of these replies 302 stated they preferred the evening newspaper for advertising; 26 stated they gave the evening paper first copy when they used an evening and a morning paper. As the Department Stores are always the largest advertisers in their respective cities and are in a position to see where the results come from, their opinions, formed from experience, are most valuable. They all speak most emphatically of the advantages of the evening paper over the morning paper for advertising. Of these 302 advertisers who prefer the evening paper a large number of them use the evening paper exclusively and find the returns most profitable.

## THE following statements made by the different large firms of America show why they prefer the evening paper over the morning paper:

ST. LOUIS, MO.—The evening paper is best, as it is the one that gets into the homes and stays there. Men carry the morning paper downtown on their way to work in most cases.—Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—The evening paper undoubtedly is the best advertising medium, because it most surely gets into the very hands toward which all department store advertising is intended—the women of the house—and because then there is plenty of time to read, plan and digest.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb.

CHICAGO, ILL.—We spend \$325,000 a year and 75 per cent of it is in the evening papers and 25 per cent in Sunday papers. Even with our great morning papers we cannot make them pay, though the experimenting has cost us \$100,000.—Siegel, Cooper & Co.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—We prefer the evening paper for advertising because the housekeeper, business man and working man have more time to go through the paper in detail after the day's work is over and have time to plan their next day's shopping. Our experience is that we get quicker and more direct results from the evening paper.—Fowler, Dick & Walker.

BOSTON, MASS.—We consider the evening paper the best medium, because it is taken home and the women get to see it.—Henry Siegel Company.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—We consider the evening newspaper better, because we cater to the working people, and they are employed from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. and their only leisure time is in the evening, and they invariably take only evening papers, and have more time to read advertisements.—Cline Bros.

ALBANY, N. Y.—We consider the evening newspaper a better medium for advertising, because women have more time and better opportunity to read the evening papers.—Waldman Bros.

AKRON, OHIO.—We consider an evening paper a superior medium. The evening paper goes direct to the homes and is more thoroughly read. It is read by men after business duties are through for the day and they are more liable to remember the advertising. The morning paper is used by office men.—C. H. Leager & Co.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—We consider the evening paper the best advertising medium, as the average woman does not take time to read a paper until her work is done.—Ed Schuster & Co.

DETROIT, MICH.—We prefer the evening paper.—Partridge & Blackwell.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.—Best results from evening newspapers. The only time I use a morning paper is Sunday for Monday's business. Balance of the week the evening papers do the work to my entire satisfaction.—The Fair.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—We use afternoon papers exclusively during the week. Morning papers on Sunday only.—John C. Lewis Company.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—For advertisements containing items of special prominence likely to produce a rush, the evening newspaper serves as a better advertising medium, first, because people as a rule, have more time to read an evening paper thoroughly and note the contents thereof; second, it gives an opportunity to shoppers to select what items they contemplate purchasing and allows them time to prepare a program for the next day's shopping.—Burgin Dry Goods Company.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We prefer the evening paper week days and the morning paper Sundays only, because the evening paper is brought to the home by the member of the family who goes to business and buys and reads the paper on his way home. The Sunday paper is delivered at the home and read in the home.—Price & Rosenbaum.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We consider the evening paper the better medium for advertising, mainly because the evening paper goes into the home and stays there when there is time for the whole family to read and consider.—Frederick Losser & Co.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—We have always given the evening paper the preference. We spend \$40,000 a year for advertising and this all goes into newspapers. We use no other medium of any kind, as we consider ANYTHING OUTSIDE OF THE NEWSPAPER as money wasted.—W. H. Elfinger & Co.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—We consider the evening paper better as a general thing, for it is usually the home paper.—Calendar, McAuslin — Troup Co.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—The evening paper is, in our opinion, most profitable for advertising.—The Wm. H. Block Company.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—We do most of our advertising in the evening paper.—Wm. Henerer Co.

BOSTON, MASS.—We prefer the evening paper by all means, because it goes into the homes directly, while the morning paper has a tendency to work back into the business section and does not reach the homes in such relative number as the evening paper.—Houghton & Dutton.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Where I've been, almost without exception, the evening paper is the best medium.—W. H. Milligan, Advertising Manager Field, Schlick & Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The evening paper by all means.—The Bailey Company.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—It is our opinion that the evening paper is better, as the shopper is prepared to sally forth the next morning.—Penny & Gentles.



August 7 to 10, Mr. Lewis  
H. Wise  
Landscape Designer

will be with us, and if you can  
template any improvements to  
your lawn we advise you to take  
the matter up with him while  
here. Phone us early in the week  
before he goes home.

J. Van Lindley  
Nursery Company  
POMONA, N. C.  
Phone 298-1.

We are prepared to do any kind of  
Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Of  
Ice Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood  
Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

Phone No. 8

When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.  
Coal---Wood

There is  
BEAUTY, DURABILITY  
AND SATISFACTION

in every monument made by

Englehart Granite  
and Marble Works

Our specialty  
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.  
Phone 281.

VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN  
RAILWAY.

\$1.95—Greensboro to Montague and  
Sewanee, Tenn., and return account  
Montague Sunday School Institute  
Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15,  
22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911  
Final limit September 5, 1911.

Electric  
Bitters

Made A New Man Of Him.  
"I was suffering from pain in my  
stomach, head and back," writes H.  
T. Alston, Raleigh, N. C., "and my  
liver and kidneys did not work right,  
but four bottles of Electric Bitters  
made me feel like a new man."  
PRICE 50 CTS. AT ALL DRUG STORES.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA.  
ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer a moment longer with  
eczema, or any form of skin or blood  
troubles. Don't scratch or rub the skin.  
Just apply Hancock Sulphur Compound  
to the affected spots and it will stop the  
itching at once, and cure the trouble  
permanently. One 50c bottle will cure  
that prevalent trouble, Common Itch.  
Nothing cures skin troubles so quickly  
as Hancock Sulphur Compound. To  
soothe the complexion and remove  
black heads and pimples, use Hancock  
Sulphur Ointment, 25c. Mrs. Evelyn  
Garst, of Salem, Va., writes: "Three  
years ago I had a rough place on my  
cheek, it would burn and itch. I was  
fearful it might be of a cancerous na-  
ture. I used different preparations,  
but nothing ever helped it. One bottle  
of Sulphur Compound cured me com-  
pletely. I recommend it to any one hav-  
ing any skin disease." For sale by How-  
ard Gardner, Greensboro, N. C.



Davis White Sulphur Springs

The ideal Health, Rest and Pleasure  
Resort. Crowded each season. Not  
too high (1100 ft.), pleasant days and  
nights. No mosquitoes. Unsurpassed  
mineral water. Resident physician.  
Room for 200 guests. Sewerage, baths,  
electric lights. Solenoid fare and  
service. High-class Orchestra of four.  
Bowling, skating, tennis, boating, bath-  
ing, etc.

Telephone connection at Statesville.  
Bell phone. Two through trains from  
Charlotte.  
Special low rates for June and Sep-  
tember, \$6 to \$8 per week; July and  
August, \$8 to \$10 per week. Special  
rates to families and ministers.  
Open June 1st to October 1st, 1911.

Write for booklet to  
DAVIS BROS.  
Owners and Proprietors. Hixsonite, N. C.

PATRIOTS ALLOW SPINNERS  
TO GOBBLE UP FIRST GAME.

Greenville, Aug. 8.—Watson held the  
Patriots to three scattered bingles yester-  
day afternoon and Walters was ham-  
mered out of ten safeties, two being for  
extra bases, six of the hits coming in  
succession in the eighth.

Score: R. H. E.  
Greenville . . . 100 000 05x—6 10 0  
Greensboro . . . 000 010 000—1 3 2  
Batteries—Watson and Kite, Walters  
and Ware.

ANDERSON GIVES FIRST  
OF SERIES TO WINSTON.

Winston, Aug. 8.—Poor base-running  
and Dailey's pegging were factors which  
gave to the Twins the victory over An-  
derson yesterday. Wolfe held the Twins  
to three scattered hits, while Swindell  
was kept in but one round. Stewart re-  
placed him and pitched fine ball.

Score: R. H. E.  
Winston . . . 001 100 00x—2 3 2  
Anderson . . . 100 000 000—1 4 1  
Batteries—Swindell, Stewart and Dai-  
ley, Wolfe and Brannon.

HORNETS FALL BEFORE  
LAVAL'S MUSICIANS.

Charlotte, Aug. 8.—The Musicians won  
over the Hornets yesterday three to one.  
The game was a sorry exhibition, the  
Hornets making nearly as many errors  
as they did hits. Spartanburg's hits were  
costly to Bauswine, who during the fray  
frayed a dozen Spartans.

Score: R. H. E.  
Spartanburg . . . 101 000 010—3 5 2  
Charlotte . . . 000 000 001—1 7 5  
Batteries—Laval and Westlake, Baus-  
wine and Ryan.

DIAMOND DUST

Feel ourselves 'slipping.

Tony, why do thou so disappoint us?

The margin between the Patriots and  
Twins widened yesterday.

We can truly sympathize with Char-  
lotte, for we got hit in the same place.

No use to worry; we are not as far  
behind Winston as we were Saturday  
morning.

The Journal is still trying to figure  
out how it came that the Twins didn't  
get both.

"The town that supports the league"  
is having the worst time ever with its  
team.

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets  
should end the season in the cellar.

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched  
for Greensboro Saturday, and the same  
personage will be seen in the box in  
Greenville today.

It will be just like both Greensboro  
and Anderson to come back strong to-  
day. "Deacon" Morrissey will probably  
pitch tomorrow.

It's amusing to observe the "ifs" in  
the Journal's story of Saturday's game.  
Yes, it's true "if" Winston had gotten  
the most runs the game would have gone  
to the Twins.

Thursday Anderson will come to  
Greensboro to play three games. The  
Electricians are playing good ball now  
and the chances are that the series will  
be as exciting as any this season.

Just 22 more games during the season.  
If Greensboro can win 11 of this number  
our prediction is the Patriots will close  
the season on top. Winston may win  
that many, but we do not believe the  
team will.

Even though they are all cast in the  
same mold, the size of a dollar really de-  
pends upon how many of them you have.

NATURES WARNING.

Greensboro People Must Recognize and  
Heed It.

Kidney ills come quietly—mysteri-  
ously. But nature always warns you  
Notice the kidney secretions.  
See if the color is unhealthy—  
If there are settlements and sediment,  
Passages frequent, scanty, painful.  
It's time then to use Doan's Kidney  
Pills.

To ward off Bright's disease or dropsy.  
Doan's have done great work in this  
locality.

Mrs. C. L. Sands, 250 Sharp St., Reids-  
ville, N. C., says: "My back is a thou-  
sand times better since I began using  
Doan's Kidney Pills. I do not have that  
terrible pain across my kidneys which  
bothered me so much and the dizzy  
spells and headaches have also left me.  
The kidney secretions are now natural  
and cause me no annoyance. I feel like  
advising the use of Doan's Kidney  
Pills to everyone afflicted with kidney  
complaint."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.  
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York,  
sole agents for the United States.  
Remember the name—Doan's—and  
take no other.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS  
IN THE BIG LEAGUES

National.  
National.

At Pittsburgh—  
Pittsburgh, 2; Philadelphia, 1.

At Cincinnati—  
Cincinnati, 8; Boston, 2.

At Chicago—  
Chicago, 8; New York, 6.

At St. Louis—  
St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 3.

American.  
American.

At Washington—  
First game—St. Louis, 0; Washington,  
1; second game—St. Louis, 13; Wash-  
ington, 6.

At Philadelphia—  
First game: Chicago, 1; Philadelphia,  
2; second game: Chicago, 2; Phila-  
delphia, 3.

At New York—  
New York, 6; Detroit, 7.

At Boston—  
Boston, 3; Cleveland, 8.

Southern.  
Southern.

At Nashville—  
Nashville-Mobile—wet grounds.

At Chattanooga—  
Chattanooga and Montgomery—not  
scheduled.

At Birmingham—  
First game: Birmingham, 3; Atlanta,  
1. Second game: Birmingham, 4; At-  
lanta, 1.

At New Orleans—  
New Orleans, 5; Memphis, 2.

South Atlantic.  
South Atlantic.

At Savannah—  
Savannah, 2; Columbus, 3.

At Columbia—  
Columbia, 5; Jacksonville, 4.

At Charleston—  
Charleston, 1; Albany, 2.

At Macon—  
Macon, 5; S. A. L. Club, 3.

A King Who Left Home.

set the world to talking, but Paul Math-  
ulka, of Buffalo, N. Y., says he always  
KEEPS AT HOME the King of all Lax-  
atives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—and  
that they're a blessing to all his family.  
Cure constipation, headache, indigestion,  
dyspepsia. Only 25c at Fariss Klutz  
Drug Co.

Inquisitive Old Party—What do you  
find the most difficult thing to raise on  
your farm?

Dejected Farmer—The rent.

Accused of Stealing.

E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Me.,  
boldly accuses Bucklen's Arnica Salve of  
stealing—the sting from burns or scalds  
—the pain from sores of all kinds—the  
distress from boils or piles. "It robs  
cuts, corns, bruises, sprains and injuries  
of their terror," he says, "as a healing  
remedy its equal don't exist." Only 25c  
at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Sillicus—I wonder if the average wom-  
an will be happy in heaven.

Cynicus—Certainly not. Judging from  
her passion for hats, how is she going to  
make one halo last her through eternity?

Hay Fever, Asthma and Summer Colds

Must be relieved quickly and Foley's  
Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E.  
M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago,  
writes: "I have been greatly troubled  
during the hot summer months with  
Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's  
Honey and Tar Compound I get great  
relief." Many others who suffer simi-  
larly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Ste-  
wart's experience. Howard Gardner.

"You were no spring chicken when I  
married you!" shouted the husband.

"No, but I was a goose," she answered  
disdainfully.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot  
reach the diseased portion of the ear.  
There is only one way to cure deafness,  
and that is by constitutional remedies.  
Deafness is caused by an inflamed con-  
dition of the mucous lining of the Eusta-  
chian Tube. When this tube is inflamed  
you have a rumbling sound or imperfect  
hearing, and unless the inflammation can  
be taken out and this tube restored  
to its normal condition, hearing will be  
destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten  
are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing  
but an inflamed condition of the mucous  
surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for  
any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh)  
that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh  
Cure. Send for circulars free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for consti-  
pation.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston . . . . .	55	31	.640
GREENSBORO . . . . .	53	34	.609
Anderson . . . . .	41	46	.471
Charlotte . . . . .	39	49	.443
Spartanburg . . . . .	37	47	.440
Greenville . . . . .	34	52	.395

American.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia . . . . .	65	35	.650
Detroit . . . . .	65	36	.644
New York . . . . .	52	48	.520
Boston . . . . .	53	50	.515
Cleveland . . . . .	52	52	.500
Chicago . . . . .	49	51	.490
Washington . . . . .	39	63	.382
St. Louis . . . . .	30	71	.297

National.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago . . . . .	58	36	.617
New York . . . . .	57	39	.593
Pittsburgh . . . . .	59	38	.608
Philadelphia . . . . .	56	41	.577
St. Louis . . . . .	55	42	.567
Cincinnati . . . . .	43	53	.448
Brooklyn . . . . .	37	60	.381
Boston . . . . .	22	77	.222

Southern.	W.	L.	P.C.
New Orleans . . . . .	60	37	.619
Birmingham . . . . .	57	46	.553
Montgomery . . . . .	54	45	.545
Nashville . . . . .	51	49	.510
Chattanooga . . . . .	51	51	.500
Memphis . . . . .	48	55	.466
Mobile . . . . .	42	67	.424
Atlanta . . . . .	38	59	.392

South Atlantic.	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbia . . . . .	33	11	.756
Albany . . . . .	24	18	.571
Columbus . . . . .	24	17	.585
Macon . . . . .	23	19	.548
Jacksonville . . . . .	18	26	.409
Savannah . . . . .	18	26	.409
Charleston . . . . .	15	28	.349
S. A. L. . . . .	15	27	.357

Loss of Time Means Loss of Pay.

Kidney trouble and the ills it breeds  
means lost time and lost pay to many  
a working man. M. Balent, 1214 Little  
Penna St., Streator, Ill., was so bad  
from kidney and bladder trouble that he  
could not work, but he says: "I took  
Foley Kidney Pills for only a short time  
and got entirely well and was soon able  
to go back to work, and am feeling well  
and healthier than before." Foley Kid-  
ney Pills are tonic in action, quick in  
results—a good friend to the working  
man or woman who suffers from kidney  
ills. Howard Gardner.

Tommy—Pop, a high forehead denotes  
intellectuality, doesn't it?

Tommy's Pop—Yes, my son, but the  
average woman prefers a low neck to a  
high forehead.

Attack Like Tigers.

In fighting to keep the blood pure the  
white corpuscles attack disease germs  
like tigers. But often germs multiply  
so fast the little fighters are overcome.  
Then see pimples, boils, eczema, salt-  
rheum and sores multiply and strength  
and appetite fail. This condition de-  
mands Electric Bitters to regulate stom-  
ach, liver and kidneys and to expel poi-  
sons from the blood. "They are the  
best blood purifier," writes C. T. Budahn,  
of Tracy, Calif., "I have ever found."  
They make rich, red blood, strong nerves  
and build up your health. Try them.  
50c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Muggins—"England and Germany will  
bury the hatchet.

Buggins—Perhaps, but I'll bet they  
hang onto their rapid-fire guns.

Thirty Years Together.

Thirty years of association—think of  
it. How the merit of a good thing  
stands out in that time—or the worth-  
lessness of a bad one. So there's no  
guess work in this evidence of Thos.  
Ariss, Concord, Mich., who writes: "I  
have used Dr. King's New Discovery for  
30 years, and it's the best cough and cold  
cure I ever used." Once it finds entrance  
in a home you can't pry it out. Many  
families have used it for forty years.  
It's the most infallible throat and lung  
medicine on earth. Unequaled for  
grippe, asthma, hay fever, croup, quinsy  
or sore lungs. Price 50c, \$1.00. Trial  
bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss Klutz  
Drug Co.

"Liquor improves with age," says the  
Manayunk Philosopher. "The longer you  
keep it the better it is for you."

Foley Kidney Pills will check the pro-  
gress of your kidney and bladder trouble  
and heal by removing the cause. Try  
them. Howard Gardner.

Fond Mother—Tommy, darling, this is  
your birthday. What would you like  
to do?

Tommy (after a moment's reflection)  
—I think I should enjoy seeing the baby  
spanked!

Do not allow your kidney and bladder  
trouble to develop beyond the reach of  
medicine. Take Foley Kidney Pills. They  
give quick results and stop irregularities  
with surprising promptness. Howard  
Gardner.

USE OF TABLE OILCLOTH

May Be Employed as a Labor Saver  
in an Almost Innumerable  
Number of Ways.

Considering the trifling outlay to be-  
gin with, there is nothing to compare  
with the table oilcloth as a labor  
saver. To begin with the kitchen:  
After you have covered your work ta-  
ble with it line each drawer in the  
kitchen and pantry.

The next day you will want to cover  
your molding board on both sides.  
Then get the pretty scalloped kind and  
use instead of paper on your pantry  
shelves. Oilcloth will make bibs for  
the children and napkins to put un-  
der their plates.

Pink each piece neatly. Put squares  
of oilcloth under the tablecloth where  
hot dishes are placed. If you use an  
oil heater have some boards fastened  
together, cover with dark-colored oil-  
cloth and place castors underneath.  
Some pieces to place under potted  
plants, when you wish them on man-  
tel, piano or window ledge, are handy  
to save the wood finish.  
Oilcloth also makes neat washstand  
covers and splashes for the servants' or  
boys' room.

NEW STYLE IN WALL PAPER

Tapestry Blue is Favorite Shade—Self  
Striped Papers Also Fancy  
of the Present.

Tapestry blue paper or canvas with  
a deep frieze of white is seen today  
on the parlor, dining-room or library  
walls of the up-to-date home. Not so  
long ago Indian red was the favorite;  
before the red man's color came the  
greens, and just previous to the greens  
a more aesthetic age demanded terra  
cotta as the correct wall covering.  
There is a certain satisfaction, how-  
ever, that the prevailing color of the  
moment should be so artistic, and the  
general effect is far beyond anything  
found in the homes even 10 years ago.

Self-striped papers are also a fancy  
of the present. They have a tendency  
to have a lightening effect on a low  
ceilinged room, but if carried too high  
they tire the eyes. For this reason it  
is wise to have a frieze of white paper  
with a plain band of color drawn be-  
tween the striped paper and the white.

This idea is especially good for bed-  
rooms as the white paper can be re-  
newed at slight cost when soiled, add-  
ing to the freshness of the room.

FOR THE WARM DAYS



A simple summer dress of tussah,  
with revers of flowered linen.

LATEST TOUCHES OF FASHION

Lace a Requisite for Smart Gown—  
Silk Suits Invariably Made Up  
in Military Style.

Most every smart gown boasts some  
touch of lace, either in its wee  
gumpe or chemise, or somehow  
worked into the surplice-like bodices  
now so fashionable.

"Tete de negre" straw is much fa-  
vored for mourning. It rarely fades  
and is dark enough to match any  
color, at the same time being a little  
softer than black.

Silk suits are now being made up in  
military style. Striped revers, collars  
and cuffs, braid and buttons and mili-  
tary turns of the peplums of jackets  
are in evidence.

The vogue for transparent fabrics  
has extended till voile and marquisette  
are now used for chic little unlined  
Eton jackets and boleros and trimmed  
with silk braid or bands of satin or  
taffeta.

Odd Parasol Handles.

Parasol handles seem to be made  
of almost everything this season.  
Among the latest coverings are velvet  
and buckskin. A smart parasol shown  
recently had a flat round knob handle,  
covered with heavy pale beige velvet,  
and a sunshade to be carried with a  
green velvet handle, ornamented with  
a crosswork effect of the blue chenille  
and full tassels of chenille as a finish.



"What a Relief!"

Only the woman who has tried knows  
what comfort and relief a New Perfection  
Oil Cook-stove brings into the kitchen.

It is not only that the New Perfection cooks so well.  
It saves so much work in other ways. There are no  
ashes to clean up before going to bed; no fire to bank for  
the night. Everything is ready for cooking in the morning  
at a touch of a match.

You are saved from an overheated kitchen; saved  
from soot and dirt; saved from chopping wood and carry-  
ing coal. In the kitchen or the laundry, for the lightest or  
the most elaborate meal, you will find the New Perfection  
stove with the New Perfection oven is the best and most  
convenient.

New Perfection  
Oil Cook-stove

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners, with  
large, turquoise blue enameled chimneys.  
Handsomely finished throughout. The  
2- and 3-burner stoves can be had with or  
without a cabinet top, which is fitted with  
drop shelves, lower racks, etc.  
Dealers everywhere; or write for de-  
scriptive circular to the nearest agency  
of the

Standard Oil Company  
(Incorporated)

FRANCE'S NAR-  
ROW ESCAPE

(Continued from Page Three.)

course, was a royal command, and there-  
fore the visit to Holland after the Bel-  
gian visit was countermanded, and  
special arrangements were made for a  
state visit to Holland by sea in the  
cruiser "Edgar Quinet," which obviated  
the need of the President setting foot  
on any territory except France and Hol-  
land.

Sense in Short Sentences

Eat, drink and be merry today, for





Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Bath Brushes,  
in fact Brushes of every description can always be found at  
our store and each one carries our personal guarantee. Come  
back and get your money if not satisfied.

## FARISS-KLUTZ

### DRUG COMPANY

The Store That Appreciates Your Business.

## THE "JOE" CAFE

337 SOUTH ELM STREET

New, Clean, Attractive. Quick Service.  
Good Meals. Reasonable Prices.

J. C. EDMONDSON, Manager.

## Free Motion Pictures

CHANGED DAILY

## At Lindley Park

Dance Tuesday and Friday Nights

Still have a supply of Seasonable Summer Goods, Genuine Porcelain  
Lined Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tools of dif-  
ferent kinds, different kinds of water coolers, The King Fly Killer,  
Lawn Hose, Lawn Mowers, Reap Hooks, and many other useful ar-  
ticles.

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,

Phone 131

221 South Elm St

Why keep your friends  
and family in suspense?  
A Western Union "Day  
Letter" will give them  
all the news before a  
letter could be started  
on its way.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A Little Telegram Want Ad will  
Get Results. Try One.

## BANKERS OF STATE MEET TOMORROW AT WRIGHTSVILLE

(Continued from Page One.)

the hotel, being called to order by W. S. Blakeney, of Monroe, president. After the invocation by Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the Wilmington district of the North Carolina Conference M. E. Church, South, the address of welcome will be made by H. C. McQueen, president of the Murchison National Bank. The response will be made by ex-Judge W. H. Neal, of Laurinburg. This will be followed by the annual report of President Blakeney, who is one of the most prominent bankers in the territory embraced in the association. He is president of the Bank of Union, Monroe, and is also president of a bank at Chesterfield, S. C. Following the president's report an address will be made by A. W. Peace, cashier of the Bank of Lumberton, after which announcement of committees will be made and adjournment taken. Special cars of the Tidewater Power Co. will be in waiting to convey the delegates and visitors to the various clubs on the beach and Lumina, accompanied by representatives of the Wilmington Clearing House Association, ladies and friends. The convention will be called to order Thursday morning at 9:15 o'clock by President Blakeney. The feature of the meeting will be an address by Harry B. Wilcox, president of the First National Bank, Baltimore, Md., whose subject will be, "The Country Banker." Mr. Wilcox is well known among the bankers of the South. He entered the banking business when a mere lad, grew up in the business and is familiar with every feature of it, and has the ability to impart his knowledge in a most practical and pleasing manner. Those who have heard him speak are glad of the opportunity which will be presented to again hear him. He will be followed by Mr. Claude Gore, president of the Bank of Rockingham, whose subject will be "One year, seven months and four days a country banker." Mr. Gore is a former Wilmingtonian, and is a son of Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city. He has hundreds of friends in this city who will be pleased to greet him on this trip and to listen to his address.

The addresses will be followed by a discussion of exchange rates. All members are supposed to express themselves freely in short talks. Following reports of committees officers for the ensuing year will be elected, after which the convention will adjourn. While this will conclude the formal sessions of the convention, it does not mean that the visitors will depart during the day, but rather that they will be placed in a position to enjoy to the fullest extent the many attractions of the resort. After adjournment and lunch special boats at the Oceanic will be in waiting at the hotel piers to take, such as care to go, sailing, fishing, etc., returning in time for surf bathing. Thursday evening the visitors will be guests of the Tidewater Power Co. at a souvenir dance at Lumina. The visitors will be conveyed from the hotel to the pleasure palace in special cars leaving the hotel at 9 o'clock. This will be the concluding feature of the convention.

## Jurors Drawn by Commissioners

Yesterday afternoon jurors were drawn for the September term of criminal court to convene on Monday, September 18, and continuing one week, as follows:

L. S. Howerton, G. E. Howerton, J. H. Ferguson, Peter May, Eli Brothers, Frank Bailey, W. L. Hufines, W. R. McKinney, O. M. Fogleman, G. V. Boone, Jno. H. Burrow, H. W. Wilton, L. L. Archer, J. F. Schoolfield, W. H. Rhodes, J. T. Hire, Eli C. Royal, C. D. Smith, J. T. Highfill, H. E. Shaw, M. A. Stedman, L. R. Noah, Jno. R. Osborne, J. C. Hardin, W. T. Scroggins, F. F. Baynes, D. W. Lindley, Rufus Mitchell, Will Armfield, Zack Cox, W. P. Simons, T. H. Pegram, G. W. Bowman, J. R. Sullivan, C. M. Blair, E. L. Armentrout.

### Caramel Cake.

For caramel cake use the same recipe for the case as is given under chocolate cake. A dark cake or any white cake may be used for the foundation.

A good caramel icing is made by cooking together two cupsful of brown sugar, one scant half cup of butter and one-half cup of sweet milk or cream until it forms a soft ball when dropped into water. Take from the stove and beat until it is cool enough to spread.

### The City's Finances.

Elsewhere in today's paper is found the quarterly report of the city's finances as found by Special Auditor E. J. Forney. The report was filed by Mayor Murphy at the meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

## STATEHOOD BILL DEBATE IN SENATE; VOTE THIS AFTERNOON

Washington, Aug. 8.—Senator Crawford of South Dakota, spoke in favor of the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, but against the recall feature of the Arizona constitution, when the Senate met today. The vote will probably be taken later in the day, both on the original Flood bill as it passed the House and on the substitute introduced by Senator Nelson, which has the backing of the administration.

Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, favored statehood. He refused to let pass Senator Root's statement that every vote in favor of Statehood was a vote in favor of the recall, but said his vote for the measure was in no way an approval of the recall.

Senator Clapp strongly favored Statehood and the recall. He charged that a member of the cabinet had threatened people of Arizona that they would lose federal patronage if they did not oppose the recall. Mr. Clapp evidently referred to Postmaster General Hitchcock, but no names were mentioned.

## GOOD WORK OF GUILFORD COUNTY'S HEALTH OFFICER

In its write-up of the right kind of county health officials and also the other kind, the July issue of the State Health Bulletin contains an article regarding the work of the Guilford County Board of Health, through County Superintendent of Health, G. Floyd Ross, that will be of interest to Guilford people. While the county's name is not mentioned in the article the particulars mentioned are well known to many Guilford people. The article, which heartily praises the action taken by Dr. Ross in the case described, is as follows:

"In another county, some two months ago, the county superintendent of health incidentally heard of a case of typhoid fever in a home close to one of the most traveled public roads of his county. The well supplying water for this house was frequently used by passers-by. No law required him, no people demanded him to investigate that case of typhoid fever; but he, seeing what his constituency could not see, recognizing the possible relation of that well and that case of fever to the public health of the county, investigated it. He obtained the following history: In 1909 a family of seven occupied that house; six of them during that year had typhoid fever. No one lived in the house in 1910. The family living in the house in 1911 had already developed one case of typhoid fever in May. Question: If six of a family of seven contracted typhoid fever from that well in 1909, and a member of another family contracted it from the same well in the early part of 1911, and if, as was actually the case, the well was found polluted for at least two years, and many travelers had stopped daily during all that time to drink of that polluted water, how many cases of typhoid fever did this health officer prevent when he closed the well? It would probably be very safe to say that in the past two or three years over a hundred cases of typhoid fever scattered about over the county and thereby giving rise to secondary cases, resulted from drinking that polluted water supply.

"That county is one of the three counties in North Carolina that employ their county superintendent of health to give his entire time to his work. The sensible people of that county believe that it pays to invest as much in a man to arrest preventable disease and death as in a man to arrest crime; to spend as much on the life and health of her people as she does in macadamizing a single mile of road; that in the one act of their health officer above cited they have saved many times over in actual dollars and cents the salary paid him.

"Ninety-seven counties in North Carolina do not see the wisdom of the above county in employing a man for his entire time to look after the health interests of the people. They do not agree with Emerson, who said: 'The first wealth is health,' and with Pasteur, who said: 'It is in the power of man to cause all germ diseases to disappear from the world.'

"County health officers, yours is a great opportunity. The next generation of physicians will have no such opportunity. Lead your people from the shadow of sanitary ignorance into the life-giving light of preventive medicine."

Youth is the time to go flashing from one end of the world to the other both in mind and body; to try the manners of different nations; to hear the chimes at midnight; to see sunrise in town and country; to be converted at a revival; run a mile to see a fire; or wait all day long in the theater.

# Attention, Please!

Here is the Opportunity of the  
Season For **BUYING SHOES**

The Bankrupt Stock of the **IRELAND SHOE STORE** Must be Closed Out in the Shortest Possible Time. No Chance Anywhere to Beat These Prices:

## LADIES' SHOES

All \$3.50 and \$4 Ladies' Oxfords, now..... **\$1.75**  
All \$3 Ladies' Oxfords, now..... **\$1.50**  
All \$2 and \$2.50 Ladies' Oxfords, now..... **\$1.25**  
Ladies' Boudoirs, regular \$1.25 quality, now..... **\$ .50**

## MEN'S SHOES

All Men's Oxfords, priced at \$3.50 and \$4, now... **\$1.75**  
Men's House Shoes, regular \$1.50 quality, now... **\$ .75**  
Misses' and Children's Shoes and Oxfords at  
**HALF PRICE**

**C. C. HINKLE,**  
Manager

**F. C. BOYLES,**  
Trustee.

**IRELAND'S SHOE STORE**

**302 SOUTH ELM STREET**



## The Great Hans Wagner

is enthusiastic about the delicious, refreshing  
and thirst-quenching goodness of

**Coca-Cola**

He says it is the only beverage he ever drank that has  
vim, vigor and go to it—that quenches his thirst to  
stay quenched, and that has no let down after-effects.

**Delicious — Refreshing — Wholesome**  
**5c Everywhere**

Send 2c stamp for our booklet, "The  
Truth About Coca-Cola" and that  
clever and useful scoring device, the  
Coca-Cola Perpetual Counter.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY  
Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever  
you see an  
Arrow think  
of Coca-Cola

## STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule  
of the North Carolina Public Service  
Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park.  
Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing  
until 11:10 p. m. cars leave Court  
Square at 10 minutes after the hour, 10  
minutes before the hour and on the  
half hour.

### For White Oak.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing  
until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court  
Square on the hour and the half hour.

### For Proximity.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing  
until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square  
on the hour, at 15 minutes past, half  
past and 15 minutes before the hour.

### For Piedmont.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing  
until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court  
Square on the hour.

### For Gate City.

Beginning at 5:45 a. m. and continuing  
until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court  
Square at 15 minutes before the hour  
on the hour, and 15 minutes after the  
hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours  
later than on week days, but otherwise  
the schedule is the same on Sunday as  
on the other days of the week.

Ever notice that the man who can take  
one drink and stop generally lets some  
other fellow buy it for him?

Politics and common sense have had a  
divorce.

## The "Bargain Hunter" Always Has Money

Haven't you noticed the strange coincidence that, although accused of im-  
providence and extravagance, and of  
buying things not needed simply because  
they are cheap, the "BARGAIN HUN-  
TER" seems ALWAYS TO HAVE  
ENOUGH MONEY with which to make  
all of these extravagant purchases?

It is the woman who is "too busy to  
read the ads." who is too busy to BUY  
WISELY! and who can never "afford"  
to buy even the very best of bargains!

To know WHAT IT OUGHT TO  
COST—and to SAVE A WORTH-  
WHILE PORTION of that sum when  
you buy it, is the PRIVILEGE OF THE  
AD-READER.

It Pays to Think!

It Pays to Advertise Bargains  
in The Telegram